

Begin August 26, 1959

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SECOND NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER (300 UP)
BY RELMAN MORIN

BONN, GERMANY, AUG. 26 (AP)-THE GERMANS DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER CONQUERED IN 1945 WELCOMED HIM BACK TONIGHT AS A STALWART DEFENDER AND CRUSADER FOR HONORABLE PEACE.

FOR TWO HOURS, 300,000 OF THEM CHEERED THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT ALONG THE 20 MILES OF ROAD FROM WAHN AIRPORT INTO BONN. HERE HE IS STARTING VITAL DISCUSSIONS AMONG EUROPE'S LEADERS JUST BEFORE HIS MEETING IN WASHINGTON WITH NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV.

THIS IS PERHAPS EISENHOWER'S MOST CRITICAL TROUBLE-SHOOTING MISSION OF ALL, THE CROWNING EFFORT OF HIS LONG MILITARY-ADMINISTRATIVE CAREER THAT WILL END WITH HIS RETIREMENT FROM THE PRESIDENCY AFTER NEXT YEAR.

THE GERMAN THOUSANDS GAVE HIM A TUMULTUOUS RECEPTION AND WELCOMED HIS RENEWED PLEDGE THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL STAND BY WEST BERLIN AGAINST COMMUNIST ENCROACHMENTS.

"I LIKE IKE...I LIKE IKE," THE CROWDS YELLED.

THE FIRST U.S. PRESIDENT TO VISIT WEST GERMANY CALLED THE WELCOME "OVERWHELMING AND MAGNIFICENT."

CHEERING THOUSANDS MASSED IN THE STREETS OF BONN AND ITS SUBURBS AND LINED THE ROAD IN THE OPEN COUNTRY TO THE AIRPORT WHERE THE PRESIDENT'S JET LINER LANDED FROM WASHINGTON.

THEY WAVED FLAGS AND BANNERS AND SENT UP THUNDEROUS EXPLOSIONS OF APPLAUSE. THE ROUTE FROM THE AIRPORT BECAME SO JAMMED THAT THE ARRIVAL PROGRAM LAGGED 45 MINUTES BEHIND SCHEDULE.

CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER GREETED EISENHOWER AT THE AIRPORT AND THEY RODE TOGETHER IN AN OPEN CAR INTO THE CAPITAL CITY.

AT THE AIRPORT EISENHOWER TOLD THE WEST GERMAN LEADER: "THE AMERICAN PEOPLE STAND BY YOUR SIDE."

ADENAUER SAID IN THESE "DANGEROUS AND TRYING TIMES ALL MY COUNTRYMEN REGARD THE UNITED STATES MORE THAN EVER AS THE STANDARD-BEARER OF FREEDOM." HE EXPRESSED THANKS TO EISENHOWER FOR VISITING BONN.

CROWDS BROKE THROUGH POLICE LINES DURING THE DRIVE INTO BONN AND TRIED TO SHAKE THE PRESIDENT'S HAND. HE STOOD UP MUCH OF THE TWO HOURS, BEAMING AND WAVING AT THE PEOPLE. AT THE END OF THE DRIVE, THE CAR FLOOR WAS FILLED WITH BOUQUETS.

HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF FLAGS, WAVED BY MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN, FLUTTERED IN THE STREETS, FROM BUILDINGS, HOMES AND THE UPPER FLOORS OF APARTMENTS AS THE MOTORCADE PASSED.

ALONG THE ROUTE, SCORES OF BANNERS AND SIGNS--SOME OBVIOUSLY HOME-MADE--MET THE PRESIDENT'S EYE.

"SIEGBURG THANKS IKE AND KONNY (ADENAUER)," SAID ONE IN THAT TOWN.

"WE LIKE IKE AND KONNY," SAID ANOTHER.

HUGE PHOTOGRAPHS OF EISENHOWER AT HIS DESK AND OTHERS SHOWING HIM SHAKING HANDS WITH ADENAUER STOOD IN STORE WINDOWS.

THE FLAGS OF THE UNITED STATES AND WEST GERMANY WAVED TOGETHER FROM LIGHT POSTS. THOUSANDS OF CHILDREN STOOD CHEERING IN HIGH SHRILL VOICES, CLUTCHING THE FLAGS OF BOTH NATIONS. PYLONS DECORATED WITH EVERGREEN AND COUNTLESS PENNANTS BEARING THE SCARLET, GOLD AND GREEN COATS-OF-ARMS OF BONN AND THE WEST GERMAN STATES, SET THE PRESIDENT'S ROUTE FLAMING WITH COLOR.

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WHEN THE PRESIDENT'S SILVER-AND-ORANGE MILITARY JET AIRLINER ROLLED TO A HALT AT THE AIRPORT, GERMAN HOWITZERS NEARBY BEGAN FIRING A GUN SALUTE, THE FIRST TIME ANY VISITING DIGNITARY TO GERMANY HAS RECEIVED IT.

EISENHOWER IS THE FIRST AMERICAN PRESIDENT TO VISIT THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC. PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN ATTENDED THE POTSDAM CONFERENCE IN 1945 BEFORE THE REPUBLIC WAS FORMED. POTSDAM IS IN WHAT HAS BECOME COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

AS THE PRESIDENT APPEARED, AN EXPLOSION OF CHEERS AND CLAPPING WELLED UP FROM THE SPECTATORS MASSED AROUND THE SCENE. EISENHOWER TOOK OFF HIS HAT, WITH A SWEEPING FLOURISH, AND WAVED. HIS FAMOUS GRIN FLASHED AND THE CROWD ROARED EVEN LOUDER.

IN SPITE OF HIS 9 1/2 HOUR FLIGHT, HE LOOKED RESH AND RESTED.

WAITING IN FRONT OF AN ORANGE AND WHITE CANOPY WITH A RED CARPET WERE ADENAUER, FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO, ECONOMICS MINISTER LUDWIG ERHARD, GEN. ADOLF HEUSINGER, INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF THE ARMED FORCES, AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT.

THE VISIT BY EISENHOWER TO WEST GERMANY IS THE FIRST LEG OF HIS PERSON-TO-PERSON DIPLOMATIC VENTURE IN BONN, LONDON AND PARIS. HIS MEETINGS WITH THE LEADERS OF THE WESTERN ALLIES WILL SERVE AS A PRELUDE TO HIS MID-SEPTEMBER TALKS WITH SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV IN WASHINGTON.

POLICE FIXED AT 300,000 THE NUMBER OF PERSONS TURNING OUT ALONG THE FULL ROUTE. THE WELCOME IN BONN ITSELF WAS THE GREATEST THE CITY HAS EVER GIVEN ANYONE.

IN THEIR AIRPORT REMARKS, BOTH EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER SAID THEY EXPECT THEIR TALKS TO BE A USEFUL EXPLORATION OF THE PROBLEMS IN EUROPE.

EISENHOWER'S SCHEDULE TOMORROW CALLS FOR HIM TO START WITH AN 8 A.M. OFFICIAL CALL ON PRESIDENT THEODOR HEUSS. HIS TALKS WITH ADENAUER BEGIN 1 1/2 HOURS LATER.

IT WAS DARK BY THE TIME THE PRESIDENT'S MOTORCADE EDGED THROUGH THE THRONGS AND REACHED THE RESIDENCE OF U.S. AMBASSADOR DAVID K. BRUCE.

THOUSANDS OF PERSONS FILLED THE STREETS AROUND THE AMBASSADOR'S HOME AND BEGAN CALLING IN UNISON, "I LIKE IKE...I LIKE IKE."

EVEN AFTER THE PRESIDENT DISAPPEARED INSIDE THE HOUSE TO SPEND THE NIGHT AND ADENAUER DROVE TO HIS HOME IN A VILLAGE ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE RHINE, THE CROWDS STAYED IN THE STREETS CHANTING "IKE...IKE."

A SURGING, ROARING THRONG OF 10,000 GREETED EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER WHEN THEY CROSSED THE RHINE RIVER BRIDGE AND ENTERED THE CITY. ALL GERMAN POLICE SECURITY MEASURES COLLAPSED.

FLAG-WAVING GERMANS SURGED THROUGH THE POLICE LINES AND APPROACHED WITHIN FEET OF THE OPEN CAR, WHICH WAS MOVING AT WALKING SPEED. A BIG TRUCK OF PHOTOGRAPHERS AND NEWSREEL MEN RAN INTERFERENCE AND FORCED A PATH THROUGH THE STREETS.

FOUR ROCKETS EXPLODED ABOVE THE THRONG AND DOWN FLUTTERED FOUR FLAGS, TWO GERMAN AND TWO AMERICAN.

ADENAUER HAD DIRECTED HIS PEOPLE TO GO ALL OUT FOR IKE AND THAT WAS WHAT HAPPENED.

SCHOOL KIDS JUMPED UP AND DOWN WAVING AMERICAN AND GERMAN FLAGS. MEN AND WOMEN LINED THE STREETS IN 90-DEGREE WEATHER TO CHEER THE MAN WHO NOW LEADS THE WESTERN ALLIANCE ON THEIR BEHALF AND NOT SO LONG AGO LED IT AGAINST THEM.

ALL ALONG THE PARADE ROUTE SIGNS WERE ON DISPLAY SAYING: "GERMANY TRUSTS EISENHOWER."

AFTER TALKS WITH ADENAUER TOMORROW, EISENHOWER IS TO FLY ON TO LONDON AND PARIS FOR MEETINGS WITH BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE.

THE BIG JOB FACING EISENHOWER IS TO WELD THE WESTERN ALLIANCE INTO A COHESIVE UNIT BEFORE KHRUSHCHEV ARRIVES IN WASHINGTON SEPT. 15. THE FRENCH, BRITISH AND GERMANS HAVE BEEN SQUABBLING AMONG THEMSELVES ABOUT THEIR ROLES IN THE WESTERN ALLIANCE AND THE BEST METHODS OF MEETING THE COMMUNIST MENACE IN EUROPE.

POLICY MATTERS WERE PUT ASIDE HERE TODAY, HOWEVER, IN FAVOR OF THE BIG WELCOME.

THE GREETINGS AT THE AIRPORT WERE WARM.

"IN MY COUNTRY THE NAME ADENAUER HAS COME TO SYMBOLIZE THE DETERMINATION OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE TO REMAIN STRONG AND FREE," 1959 EISENHOWER SAID.

"IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THAT DETERMINATION THE AMERICAN PEOPLE STAND BY YOUR SIDE AND THEY EXTEND THROUGH ME, AND THROUGH YOU TO THE GERMAN PEOPLE, THEIR BEST WISHES FOR YOUR SUCCESSFUL EFFORTS IN THIS MATTER.

"AND THE AMERICAN PEOPLE STAND BY YOUR SIDE IN INSURING THAT THE LOYAL FREE PEOPLE OF FREE BERLIN WILL, LIKE YOURSELVES, CONTINUE ALWAYS TO ENJOY THAT GREAT PRIVILEGE."

THE 83-YEAR-OLD CHANCELLOR, ACCOMPANIED BY ALL HIS MINISTERS, HEAPED PRAISE ON EISENHOWER AND THE UNITED STATES.

"IT IS A GREAT AND HEART-FILLING JOY TO SAY WELCOME TO YOU IN THE NAME OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE," HE SAID IN GERMAN.

"ALL MY COUNTRYMAN REGARD THE UNITED STATES AS THE GREAT BASTION OF LIBERTY. I HAVE ALWAYS BEEN MOVED BY THAT GREAT MONUMENT TO FREEDOM IN NEW YORK HARBOR, THE STATUE OF LIBERTY."

THE PRESIDENTIAL PLANE LANDED UNDER A SLIGHTLY OVERCAST SKY AT 6:26 P.M. (12:26 P.M. EST) AFTER A 9 1/2 HOUR FLIGHT FROM WASHINGTON. THE ELAPSED TIME INCLUDED AN HOUR SPENT IN A REFUELING STOP AT HARMON AIR FORCE BASE, N.F.L.D.

LANDING STRIP LIGHTS WERE SWITCHED ON JUST AS THE PLANE APPROACHED. FROM 1,500 TO 2,000 SPECTATORS WAITED IN RESERVED PLACES AND OTHERS CROWDED ELSEWHERE. EVERY BUILDING WAS PACKED WITH PEOPLE, EVEN THE TOP OF THE CONTROL TOWER.

A 21-GUN SALUTE SOUNDED FROM A BATTERY OF SIX 105MM-GERMAN HOWITZERS AS THE PLANE LANDED. FOUR ESCORTING FIGHTERS OF THE GERMAN AIR FORCE FLEW LOW OVERHEAD.

THERE WAS A BURST OF APPLAUSE AS THE PRESIDENT APPEARED AT THE DOOR OF THE PLANE. HE WORE A DARK BLUE SUIT AND A DARK GRAY HAT.

ADENAUER APPROACHED, HAT IN HAND. EISENHOWER REMOVED HIS.

A GERMAN BAND PLAYED THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER, THEN THE GERMAN ANTHEM.

THE PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, WHO FLEW FROM WASHINGTON WITH HIM, EXCHANGED HANDSHAKES WITH ADENAUER AND THE WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER, HEINRICH VON BRENTANO.

ACCOMPANIED BY GEN. ADOLPH HEUSINGER, WEST GERMANY'S TOP SOLDIER, THE PRESIDENT AND THE CHANCELLOR REVIEWED A GERMAN HONOR GUARD. EISENHOWER CONGRATULATED THE GUARD'S COMMANDER.

FURTHER HANDSHAKING TOOK ABOUT FIVE MINUTES. EISENHOWER WAS INTRODUCED TO THE GERMAN CABINET MINISTERS BY SIGISMUND VON BRAUN, BONN'S PROTOCOL CHIEF, AND TO AMERICAN EMBASSY OFFICIALS BY U.S. AMBASSADOR DAVID K. BRUCE.

AMONG THOSE ON HAND WAS ECONOMICS MINISTER LUDWIG ERHARD, POPULARLY REGARDED AS THE HEIR APPARENT TO ADENAUER. ERHARD ARRIVED FROM GREECE BY SPECIAL PLANE ONLY 35 MINUTES AHEAD OF EISENHOWER.

THE ENTIRE AIRPORT CEREMONY WAS WITNESSED BY TELEVISION SET OWNERS ALL OVER EUROPE. IT WAS PIPED AROUND THE CIRCUIT OVER THE EUROVISION NETWORK.

THERE WERE FEW EMPTY SPOTS ALONG THE MOTORCADE ROUTE.

AMERICAN AND GERMAN FLAGS FLEW FROM THE FENDERS OF THE CAR, AN OPEN ROOF BLACK MERCEDES SPECIALLY BUILT FOR THE OCCASION SO THE PRESIDENT AND THE CHANCELLOR COULD STAND.

EIGHTEEN MOTORCYCLE POLICEMEN CONVOYED IT.

THIRTY-SEVEN OTHER CARS ACCOMPANIED IT, BEARING NEWSMEN AND OFFICIALS. ALL MOVED SLOWLY.

AT THE TOWN OF TROISDORF (POP. 16,316), PEOPLE STOOD FIVE AND SIX DEEP ALONG THE SIDES OF THE STREET. SCHOOL CHILDREN WAVED FLAGS. AN OLD TIMER SAID, "THIS IS THE GREATEST RECEPTION TROISDORF HAS EVER GIVEN ANYONE."

SOME MEMBERS OF THE CROWD SURGED TOWARD THE MOVING VEHICLES BUT THE POLICE HELD THEM BACK. IT WAS HOT AND HUMID AND MANY MEN WERE IN SHIRTSLEEVES. PEOPLE SHRIEKED AND CLAPPED EACH OTHER ON THE BACK.

THE CROWD ALSO GAVE A TREMENDOUS OVATION TO ERHARD, WHO WAS IN THE 18TH CAR OF THE MOTORCADE.

REFUGEE ORGANIZATIONS DISPLAYED PLACARDS OF THEIR OWN URGING THE RETURN OF THE EASTERN TERRITORIES TAKEN FROM GERMANY AT THE CLOSE OF WORLD WAR II BY POLAND AND THE SOVIET UNION.

THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT DRAPED THE BLACK, RED AND GOLD COLORS OF THE WEST GERMAN FLAG ON DOZENS OF ROUND, STONE COLUMNS ALONG BONN'S MAIN STREET, WHICH ARE USUALLY USED FOR ADVERTISING PUBLIC EVENTS.

WHITE LETTERING ON THE GERMAN COLORS READ:

"GERMANY TRUSTS EISENHOWER."

ALL ALONG THE KOBLENZERSTRASSE, A STREET OF GOVERNMENT OFFICES, EMBASSIES AND OFFICIAL RESIDENCES, THE GERMANS GREETED EISENHOWER IN THOUSANDS.

A HUGE SIGN HELD ALOFT BY A THRONG OUTSIDE ADENAUER'S CHANCELLERY SAID: "EISENHOWER UND ADENAUER -- FUER FRIEDEN UND FREIHEIT (FOR PEACE AND FREEDOM)."

DEEP BACK FROM THE KOBLENZERSTRASSE LIES THE VILLA HAMMERSCHMIDT, THE RESIDENCE OF WEST GERMAN PRESIDENT THEODOR HEUSS. LIGHTS WERE VISIBLE THERE AND A CROWD WAS ON A BALCONY.

HEUSS WILL OFFICIALLY MEET EISENHOWER TOMORROW.

THE MOTORCADE WAS MUCH DELAYED BY THE CROWD. A GERMAN POLICE HELICOPTER DIRECTED POLICE OPERATIONS FROM THE AIRPORT UNTIL EISENHOWER REACHED THE RESIDENCE OF AMBASSADOR BRUCE, WHERE HE IS SPENDING THE NIGHT.

THE MOTORCADE TOOK TWO FULL HOURS BEFORE WINDING UP AT BRUCE'S RESIDENCE. IT WAS 40 MINUTES LATE GETTING THERE.

EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER BOTH WERE GRINNING BROADLY AS THEY CAME RIDING IN IN THEIR OPEN CAR. RINGING CHEERS WENT UP FROM THE CROWD OF 2,000 THAT HAD BEEN WAITING FOR HOURS AT THE AMBASSADOR'S RESIDENCE.

EISENHOWER LIFTED BOTH ARMS IN A SALUTE.

THE CROWD CHANTED BACK: "I LIKE IKE."

ADENAUER TRIED TO STEP BACK TO ALLOW EISENHOWER THE FRONT RANK AS PHOTOGRAPHERS MOVED UP TO RECORD THE SCENE. BUT EISENHOWER WOULDN'T ALLOW THAT. HE PULLED ADENAUER BESIDE HIM ON THE SIDEWALK.

THE CROWD CONTINUED TO CHANT "I LIKE IKE" AFTER THE PRESIDENT HAD WALKED INTO BRUCE'S RESIDENCE. ADENAUER MEANWHILE DROVE OFF.

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BULLETIN

THIRD LEAD IKE

BONN, GERMANY, AUG. 26 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER RECEIVED A HERO'S WELCOME TONIGHT IN THIS LAND HE HELPED CONQUER AND RENEWED HIS PLEDGE TO STAND BY WEST BERLIN IN PRESERVING ITS FREEDOM AGAINST COMMUNIST THREATS. 1959

EISENHOWER, THE FIRST AMERICAN PRESIDENT TO VISIT WEST GERMANY, FLEW IN FROM WASHINGTON ON THE FIRST LEG OF HIS PERSONAL DIPLOMATIC VENTURE TO BONN, LONDON AND PARIS.

"THE AMERICAN PEOPLE STAND BY YOUR SIDE," HE TOLD CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

"IN MY COUNTRY THE NAME ADENAUER HAS COME TO SYMBOLIZE THE DETERMINATION OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE TO REMAIN STRONG AND FREE."

"IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THAT DETERMINATION THE AMERICAN PEOPLE STAND BY YOUR SIDE AND THEY SEND THROUGH ME AND THROUGH YOU TO THE GERMAN PEOPLE THEIR BEST WISHES FOR YOUR SUCCESSFUL EFFORTS IN THIS MATTER.

"AND THE AMERICAN PEOPLE STAND BY YOUR SIDE IN INSURING THAT THE LOYAL FREE PEOPLE OF FREE BERLIN WILL LIKE YOURSELVES CONTINUE ALWAYS TO ENJOY THAT FREEDOM. GREAT PRIVILEGES."

"LIKE YOU, MR. CHANCELLOR, I LOOK FORWARD TO THE TALKS.

"IT IS FOR ME A GREAT HONOR TO MEET YOUR ELECTED LEADER AND DISCUSS WITH HIM SOME OF THE MATTERS WHICH ARE SO IMPORTANT."

THE PRESIDENTIAL JET PLANE, A 707, LANDED AT NEARBY WAHN AIRPORT AT 6:26 P.M. (12:26 P.M. EST) AFTER A FLIGHT OF 9 1/2 HOURS FROM WASHINGTON. THIS ELAPSED TIME INCLUDED AN HOUR SPENT IN A NEWFOUNDLAND STOP FOR REFUELING.

THE PLANE TAXIED TOWARD A WELCOMING PARTY OF TOP GERMAN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS HEADED BY CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

THE SKY WAS SLIGHTLY OVERCAST. THE LANDING STRIP LIGHTS WERE SWITCHED ON JUST BEFORE THE GIANT BOEING APPROACHED.

A CROWD OF 1,500 TO 2,000 SPECTATORS WAITED IN RESERVED PLACES AND OTHERS WERE SCATTERED AROUND THE TERRACES. EVERY BUILDING WAS COVERED WITH PEOPLE, EVEN THE TOP OF THE CONTROL TOWER AND THE CUSTOMS BUILDING.

JUST AS THE PLANE HALTED A 21 GUN SALUTE SOUNDED. FOUR ESCORTING FIGHTERS OF THE GERMAN AIR FORCE FLEW LOW OVERHEAD.

A DOZEN U. S. AIRFORCE AIR POLICE MARCHED OUT AND TOOK POSTS AROUND THE PLANE. THERE WAS A BURST OF APPLAUSE AS THE PRESIDENT APPEARED AT THE DOOR.

THE PRESIDENT WAS WEARING A DARK BLUE SUIT AND A DARK GRAY HAT. ADENAUER APPROACHED, HOLDING HIS HAT IN HIS HAND. EISENHOWER REMOVED HIS HAT AS A GERMAN BAND STRUCK UP THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER.

THEN THE GERMAN ANTHEM WAS PLAYED. EISENHOWER STOOD IN FRONT OF THE HONOR GUARD WITH ADENAUER AT HIS SIDE.

THE PRESIDENT AND HIS SECRETARY OF STATE, CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, WHO FLEW FROM WASHINGTON WITH HIM, EXCHANGED HANDSHAKES WITH ADENAUER AND THE WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER, HEINRICH VON BRENTANO.

THE ENTIRE WEST GERMAN CABINET WAS AT THE AIRFIELD.

EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER, ACCOMPANIED BY GEN. ADOLF HEUSINGER, GERMANY'S TOP SOLDIER, SLOWLY TROOPED THE LINE OF THE HONOR GUARD.

EISENHOWER TOOK A SALUTE FROM THE HONOR GUARD COMMANDER AND CONGRATULATED HIM. THEN HE MOVED ALONG THE ROW OF GERMAN CABINET OFFICIALS FOR ANOTHER ROUND OF HANDSHAKING.

SIGISMUND VON BRAUN, BONN'S PROTOCOL CHIEF AND BROTHER OF THE CELEBRATED ROCKET SCIENTIST, WERNER VON BRAUN, PERFORMED THE INTRODUCTIONS FOR EISENHOWER. *D.R. W. E. H. K.*

U. S. AMBASSADOR DAVID K. E. BRUCE ESCORTED EISENHOWER ALONG THE ROW OF AMERICAN EMBASSY OFFICIALS.

THE HANDSHAKING TOOK FIVE MINUTES AND THEN EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER, BOTH LAUGHING WALKED TO THE MICROPHONES.

ADENAUER SAID:

"IT IS A GREAT AND HEART-FILLING JOY TO SAY WELCOME TO YOU IN THE NAME OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE."

THE GERMAN CHANCELLOR SAID HE ALWAYS REMEMBERS THAT THE STATUE OF LIBERTY--"THE GREAT SYMBOL OF LIBERTY"--STANDS AT THE ENTRANCE TO EISENHOWER'S COUNTRY IN THE HARBOR OF NEW YORK.

IN THESE TRYING DAYS, ADENAUER SAID, "ALL MY COUNTRYMEN REGARD THE UNITED STATES AS THE GREAT BASTION OF LIBERTY."

ADENAUER SAID HE IS CONVINCED EISENHOWER'S TALKS WITH EUROPEAN LEADERS WILL LEAD TOWARD "PEACE AND SECURITY IN THE ENTIRE WORLD."

THE CHANCELLOR SPOKE IN GERMAN. AND HIS REMARKS WERE TRANSLATED.

30.24-823E

AHEAD OF THE PRESIDENT AT THE WEST GERMAN CAPITAL OF BONN LAY THE GREATEST RECEPTION THIS WEST GERMAN CAPITAL EVER HAS GIVEN A VISITING DIGNITARY. CROWDS LINED THE 20-MILE ROUTE FROM WAHN AIRPORT TO BONN, 20 MILES AWAY.

THE AIRPORT FORMALITIES OUT OF THE WAY IN 20 MINUTES, EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER SET OUT IN AN OPEN-ROOF BLACK MERCEDES ENROUTE TO THE AMERICAN AMBASSADOR'S RESIDENCE HERE, WHERE EISENHOWER WAS TO SPEND THE NIGHT.

AMERICAN AND GERMAN FLAGS FLEW FROM THE FENDERS OF THE CAR.

EIGHTEEN MOTORCYCLE POLICEMEN CONVOYED THE CAR.

AS THE MOTORCADE PASSED THE AIRPORT RESTAURANT BUILDING, WHERE PEOPLE WERE CROWDED ON THE FLAT ROOF, ADENAUER POINTED UPWARD AND THE PRESIDENT WAVED TO THE PEOPLE.

THE EISENHOWER CAR WAS FOLLOWED BY MORE THAN A SCORE OF OTHER CARS, CARRYING NEWSMEN AND OFFICIALS CONNECTED WITH THE VISIT.

WHEN THE MOTORCADE INCHED THROUGH TRÖISDORF, A TOWN OF 16,000, IT WAS GREETED BY ENORMOUS ROARS.

EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER STOOD IN THEIR CAR, WAVING. PEOPLE STOOD FIVE AND SIX DEEP ALONG THE STREET.

SCHOOL CHILDREN WERE IN THE FRONT RANKS WAVING GERMAN AND AMERICAN FLAGS.

WHEN EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER CROSSED THE RHINE RIVER BRIDGE AND ENTERED BONN THEY WERE GREETED BY A CHEERING CROWD OF ABOUT 10,000.

SECURITY MEASURES COLLAPSED. FLAG-WAVING GERMANS SURGED THROUGH THE POLICE LINES AND APPROACHED WITHIN FEET OF THE OPEN CAR, WHICH WAS MOVING AT WALKING SPEED.

FOUR ROCKETS EXPLODED WITH EAR-SHATTERING CRASHES OVER THE CROWD. THE ROCKETS BURST

FOUR ROCKETS EXPLODED WITH EAR-SHATTERING CRASHES OVER THE CROWD. THE ROCKETS BURST OPEN AND FOUR FLAGS--TWO AMERICAN AND TWO GERMAN--FLUTTERED DOWN THROUGH THE EVENING SKY.

IT IS THE FIRST TIME AN AMERICAN PRESIDENT EVER HAS VISITED BONN. AND IT MARKS ALSO THE FIRST TIME AN AMERICAN PRESIDENT HAS BEEN INVITED TO GERMANY, A COUNTRY AGAINST WHICH THE UNITED STATES HAS FOUGHT TWO WARS IN THIS CENTURY.

THE BONN REPUBLIC NOW IS A KEY ALLY IN THE WESTERN UNION OF NATIONS AND EISENHOWER WAS PREPARED TO ASSURE CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER THAT HE HAS NOT THE SLIGHTEST IDEA OF MAKING ANY DEALS BEHIND ADENAUER'S BACK.

THE TRIP HERE AND THE FOLLOWING ONES TO LONDON AND PARIS ARE PRELIMINARY TO THE VISIT OF SOVIET PREMIER KVIKITA KHRUSHCHEV TO THE UNITED STATES IN MID-SEPTEMBER

PRELIMINARY TO THE VISIT OF SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV TO THE UNITED STATES IN MID-SEPTEMBER.

UPWARDS OF 100,000 MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN WERE EXPECTED TO LIE THE ROUTE FROM THE AIRPORT TO THE RESIDENCE OF U.S.

AMBASSADOR DAVID K.E. BRUCE WHERE EISENHOWER WAS TO SPEND THE NIGHT.

ADENAUER HAS CALLED FOR AN ALL-OUT DEMONSTRATION OF ENTHUSIASM AND GOOD WILL FOR THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT AND THE PEOPLE OF BONN AND SURROUNDING TOWNS APPEARED READY TO FOLLOW THROUGH.

YOU COULDN'T BUY A FLAG FOR MILES AROUND. SIGNS AND PLACARDS CHEERING EISENHOWER FLAPPING IN THE BREEZE.

ONE SIGN READ "IKE, WE TRUST YOU."

A GIANT RED AND WHITE STRIPED AWNING HUNG OVER THE VIP (VERY IMPORTANT PERSON) STAND AT THE AIRPORT. TEMPORARY GRANDSTANDS WERE ERECTED JUST ACROSS THE WAY.

SIX FIELD ARTILLERY PIECES WERE LINED UP FOR A 21-GUN SALUTE.

AN HONOR GUARD OF SOLDIERS AND SAILORS OF THE NEW GERMAN MILITARY MACHINE WAS READY TO ACKNOWLEDGE THE MAN WHO ONCE DIRECTED THE ALLIED ARMIES AGAINST GERMANY.

THE BIG BLACK OPEN-TOP MERCEDES SPECIALLY DESIGNED TO CARRY EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER ON THE MOTORCADE ARRIVED IN GOOD STYLE AT THE AIRPORT.

FOUR U.S. ARMY HELICOPTERS WERE ARRAYED IN FRONT OF THE 105 MM. HOWITZERS TO TAKE MEMBERS OF EISENHOWER'S PARTY DIRECTLY TO AMBASSADOR BRUCE'S RESIDENCE.

A PRESS PLANE CARRYING SOME 80 NEWSMEN AND PHOTOGRAPHERS FROM WASHINGTON ARRIVED AN HOUR AND A HALF BEFORE EISENHOWER WAS DUE.

REFUGEE ORGANIZATIONS WERE HARD AT WORK TRYING TO STIR UP ENTHUSIASM FOR A CAMPAIGN TO BRING BACK THE EASTERN TERRITORIES GERMANY LOST AFTER WORLD WAR II.

PLACARDS POPPED UP WITH HUGE MAPS OF GERMANY HEAVILY MARKING THE 1937 BORDERS BEFORE CHUNKS OF GERMANY'S EASTERN TERRITORIES WERE GOBBLED UP BY POLAND AND THE SOVIET UNION.

ONE ENORMOUS SIGN READ IN GERMAN: "THE EXPELLEE YOUTHS TRUST EISENHOWER."

ANOTHER SAID: "THE FREE WORLD MUST NEVER FORGET THE INJUSTICE DONE TO THE GERMAN EAST."

A FEW YOUNGSTERS WANDERED ABOUT THE STREETS WAVING AMERICAN FLAGS HANDED THEM BY REPRESENTATIVES OF "GERMANY INDIVISIBLE," A LOCAL ORGANIZATION DEDICATED TO THE REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY.

THE STARS AND STRIPES WERE ORDERED UP ON FLAGPOLES AT RHINESIDE MANSIONS OCCUPIED BY PRESIDENT THEODORE HEUSS AND CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

WORD HAD GONE OUT FROM ADENAUER, THE FIRST ON THE LIST OF STATESMEN EISENHOWER IS TO SEE ON HIS JOURNEY TO BONN, LONDON AND PARIS, TO "LAY IT ON FOR IKE."

SPECIAL STAMPS WENT ON SALE AT THE POST OFFICE TO COMMEMORATE THIS FIRST VISIT OF AN AMERICAN PRESIDENT TO BONN. CROWDS GATHERED TO BUY THEM.

HANS PHALSGRAF, A COP AT THE RAILROAD STATION, SAID "EISENHOWER IS LIKED VERY MUCH IN THIS COUNTRY. WHATEVER HAPPENED IN THE WAR, THE PRESENT SITUATION HAS SUPERSEDED IT."

"I AM A WAR VETERAN," SAID TAXI DRIVER WILLY SCHMITZ. "I FOUGHT THE RUSSIANS FOR THREE YEARS AND I WELCOME EISENHOWER'S VISIT."

"IF ANYTHING AT ALL IS TO BE AGREED ON, IT IS THE BIG FELLOWS WHO MUST DO IT."

THE REUNIFICATION THEME WAS BEING STRESSED EVERYWHERE.

"SEVENTY MILLION GERMANS WELCOME IKE," READ A PLACARD.

THIS WAS REFERENCE TO GERMANS ON BOTH SIDES OF THE IRON CURTAIN, THE 53 MILLION ON THE WESTERN SIDE AND THE 17 MILLION UNDER COMMUNIST CONTROL IN EAST GERMANY.

ADENAUER WAS REPORTED READY TO CAUTION EISENHOWER NOT TO BE TAKEN IN BY RUSSIAN BLANDISHMENTS IN HIS TALKS WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV, WHO IS TO GO TO WASHINGTON SEPT. 15.

EISENHOWER WAS SAID TO BE EQUALLY PREPARED TO ASSURE ADENAUER HE WAS WELL AWARE THAT ONE MUST DEAL CAUTIOUSLY WITH THE RUSSIANS.

THE 83-YEAR-OLD GERMAN LEADER HAS SOME NEW IDEAS ON DISARMAMENT TO PUT TO THE PRESIDENT. INFORMANTS SAID ADENAUER IS NOW CONVINCED THAT THE WAY TO WORLD PEACE MUST BE FOUND THROUGH A NEW ATTEMPT TO STOP THE ARMS RACE.

BUT ADENAUER IS NOT READY TO RENOUNCE ATOMIC WEAPONS FOR THE WEST GERMAN ARMY OR ACCEPT ANY STRICTLY REGIONAL DISARMAMENT PLAN THAT WOULD WEAKEN THE WESTERN ALLIANCE.

INFORMANTS SAID ADENAUER'S IDEAS WERE BASED ON THESE CONSIDERATIONS:

1. DISARMAMENT CAN BE BEGUN WITHOUT WAITING FOR SOLUTION OF SUCH KNOTTY POLITICAL PROBLEMS AS GERMAN REUNIFICATION AND THE FUTURE OF BERLIN.

2. THE REDUCTION OF TENSION WHICH WOULD FOLLOW THE FIRST STEP TOWARD DISARMAMENT WOULD CREATE A MORE FAVORABLE ATMOSPHERE FOR THE TACKLING OF POLITICAL PROBLEMS.

3. WHILE THE ADENAUER GOVERNMENT IS BASICALLY AGAINST REGIONAL DISARMAMENT, IT IS PREPARED FOR WEST GERMANY TO BE INCLUDED IN A LARGER AREA OF INSPECTION TO PREVENT SURPRISE ATTACKS.

4. A GERMAN RENUNCIATION OF ATOMIC WEAPONS, AS DEMANDED BY ADENAUER'S SOCIALIST OPPONENTS HERE, IS NOT UP FOR DISCUSSION. THE CHANCELLOR BELIEVES THIS WOULD ONLY ADD TO THE ALLIED BURDEN OF PROTECTING GERMANY.

WD924AED

1959

A62

ADVANCE FOR 6 P.M. EST

(ADVANCE)...BONN, THURSDAY, AUG. 27 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S SCHEDULE TODAY:

8 A.M. PAYS OFFICIAL CALL ON PRESIDENT THEODOR HEUSS OF WEST GERMANY.

9:30 A.M. BEGINS TALKS WITH CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

12:30 P.M. LUNCHES WITH ADENAUER AND GERMAN OFFICIALS.

2:40 P.M. CONTINUES TALKS WITH ADENAUER.

4:15 P.M. LEAVES FOR WAHN AIRPORT.

5:30 P.M. DEPARTS FOR LONDON.

6:45 P.M. REACHES LONDON AND GOES TO U.S. EMBASSY RESIDENCE.

TIMES GIVEN ARE SIX HOURS AHEAD OF EST.

TD613PED

A33WX (BJTS)

(820) PMS BUDGET

EISENHOWER

BY DOUGLAS B. CORNELL

WASHINGTON, AUG. 26 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WINGS AWAY TO EUROPE TODAY ON A MOMENTOUS MISSION--TO SOOTHE BICKERING WESTERN ALLIES AND DISPEL UNEASINESS OVER THE ADVENT OF A NEW EPOCH IN SOVIET-AMERICAN DIPLOMACY.

AS A PRELUDE TO TRADING OFFICIAL VISITS WITH PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV OF RUSSIA LATER IN THE FALL, EISENHOWER IS TRAVELING TO BONN, LONDON AND PARIS.

IN LANDS WHERE HE SOARED TO FAME AS THE NEMESIS OF NAZI AGGRESSORS, THE PRESIDENT IS PREPARED TO LAY DOWN SOLEMN PROMISES THAT AMERICA ONCE AGAIN WILL JOIN IN THE USE OF FORCE, IF NEED BE, TO REPEL AGGRESSION.

WHILE SOUNDING THIS WARNING TO THE SOVIET UNION, HE ALSO PROPOSES TO SAY THAT AMERICA SEEKS TO BE A LOYAL PARTNER IN ADVANCING THE CAUSE OF "PEACE WITH HONOR AND JUSTICE."

THESE ARE TWO OF THE PARAMOUNT PURPOSES OF A 10-DAY VENTURE INTO PERSONAL DIPLOMACY. EISENHOWER LISTED THEM AT A FAREWELL NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY.

THE PRESIDENT WILL CONFER SEPARATELY WITH CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER OF WEST GERMANY, PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN OF BRITAIN, AND PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE.

HE WILL CONSULT, TOO, ON A MORE INFORMAL BASIS, WITH FOREIGN MINISTER FERNANDO CASTIELLA OF SPAIN IN LONDON. AND IN PARIS HE WILL SEE PRIME MINISTER ANTONIO SEGNI OF ITALY AND PRESIDENT M. A. H. LUNS AND SECRETARY GENERAL PAUL-HENRI SPAAK OF NATO.

THE SESSIONS WILL LAST FROM ONE TO SEVERAL HOURS. THAT SCARCELY OFFERS TIME OR HOPE FOR FINDING SOLUTIONS TO MASSIVE COLD WAR PROBLEMS PRESSING DOWN ON AN ANXIOUS WORLD.

BUT THE MEETINGS MAY SERVE TO TIGHTEN THE TIES OF THE WEST, BRING MORE UNITY WHERE EVIDENCE OF DISUNITY HAS BECOME APPARENT, AND ENABLE EISENHOWER TO HEAD INTO CONFERENCES WITH KHRUSHCHEV WITH FIRMER CONFIDENCE OF ALLIED SUPPORT.

THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE IS TAKING FOUR TOP OFFICIALS TO EUROPE, IN ADDITION TO A DOZEN MEMBERS OF THE WHITE HOUSE AND STATE DEPARTMENT STAFFS. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER IS GOING ALONG.

1959

SO ARE THOMAS S. GATES JR., DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE; LIVINGSTON T. MERCHANT, DEPUTY UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE; AND JOHN N. IRWIN II, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR INTERNATIONAL SECURITY AFFAIRS.

THE EARLY MORNING DEPARTURE TIME WAS SET SO AS TO GET THE PRESIDENTIAL PLANE INTO BONN AT 6:30 P.M. BONN TIME AND ALLOW EISENHOWER TO OBTAIN A FULL NIGHT'S SLEEP IN ADVANCE OF A STRENUOUS ROUND OF ACTIVITIES.

IT WAS TO BE A ONE-STOP FLIGHT, WITH A 45-MINUTE PAUSE FOR REFUELING AT HARMON AIR FORCE BASE, NEWFOUNDLAND, AT 7:30 A.M. NEWFOUNDLAND TIME.

FOR EISENHOWER. IT WAS IN MANY WAYS A PRECEDENT-SHATTERING HE WAS TRAVELING FOR THE FIRST TIME IN A JET SUPERLINER--THE SAME AIR FORCE PLANE THAT TOOK VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON TO RUSSIA. IN GERMANY, A SPECIAL CAR WITHOUT A ROOF WAS RUSHED THROUGH THE PRODUCTION LINE SO HE COULD STAND AND GREET THE PEOPLE OF BONN. QUEEN ELIZABETH II OF BRITAIN FOR THE FIRST TIME IS PERMITTING A

PUBLIC CEREMONY AT BALMORAL CASTLE IN THE SCOTTISH HIGHLANDS WHEN SHE WELCOMES THE PRESIDENT TO HER VACATION RETREAT NEXT FRIDAY. SHE AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE WILL REVIEW A GUARD OF HONOR AT THE CASTLE GATES.

EISENHOWER WILL DEPART FROM PAST PRACTICE BY FLYING TO SCOTLAND IN A FOREIGN PLANE, A BRITISH ROYAL AIR FORCE COMET. HE WILL BE AN OVER-NIGHT GUEST AT BALMORAL.

AFTER SPENDING THE WEEK-END WITH MACMILLAN AT THE PRIME MINISTER'S COUNTRY RESIDENCE NEAR LONDON, THERE WILL BE ANOTHER FIRST: THE PRESIDENT AND PRIME MINISTER WILL APPEAR NEXT MONDAY NIGHT ON AN INFORMAL RADIO-TV PROGRAM.

IN FRANCE, THE PRESIDENT WILL BE THE FIRST AMERICAN TO OCCUPY THE KING'S CHAMBER AT THE ROYAL APARTMENTS ON THE QUAI D'ORSAY.

ALL THE WAY, THERE WILL BE THE CUSTOMARY HONORS AND CEREMONIES BEFITTING THE ARRIVAL OF A VISITING CHIEF OF STATE--THE SALUTES, THE EXCHANGES OF NATIONAL ANTHEMS, THE REVIEWS OF HONOR GUARDS, THE INTRODUCTIONS OF DIGNITARIES, THE FORMAL DINNERS.

THE SCHEDULE CALLS FOR EISENHOWER TO SPEND THURSDAY IN BONN, THEN FLY TO LONDON THAT EVENING. HE WILL REMAIN IN BRITAIN UNTIL NEXT WEDNESDAY, THEN MOVE ON TO PARIS FOR TWO DAYS.

DEPENDING ON WHAT BUSINESS CONGRESS HAS WAITING FOR HIM, THE PRESIDENT WILL BE BACK IN WASHINGTON SEPT. 4 OR 5. IF HE CAN, HE WANTS TO STOP OVER FOR A NIGHT IN WESTERN SCOTLAND TO VISIT ONCE MORE THE SUITE IN CULZEAN CASTLE GIVEN HIM FOR HIS LIFETIME BY THE SCOTTISH PEOPLE.

IT IS SIGNIFICANT THAT EISENHOWER IS SEEING ADENAUER, MACMILLAN AND DE GAULLE ONE AT A TIME RATHER THAN IN A GROUP. THEY BALKED AT GETTING TOGETHER.

IN THE BACKGROUND IS THE MANNER IN WHICH FRANCE AND GERMANY HAVE BEEN PULLING IN ONE DIRECTION ON SOME ISSUES, AND BRITAIN HAS BEEN TUGGING IN ANOTHER.

IN DE GAULLE, THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE WILL BE MEETING A MAN HE HAS KNOWN SINCE WORLD WAR II, A MAN HE CONSIDERS CAPABLE BUT AT TIMES DIFFICULT. THUS EISENHOWER'S PARIS STAY MAY BE THE ROUGHEST PART OF HIS EUROPEAN TOUR.

DE GAULLE WANTS MORE AMERICAN SUPPORT FOR HIS EFFORTS TO BRING ALGERIA'S REBELS TO TERMS. AND HE WANTS A MORE BRILLIANT SPOT FOR FRANCE IN THE ALLIED FIRMAMENT, ALONG WITH EQUALITY AS A NUCLEAR POWER.

ALL THE ALLIES WILL BE EAGER FOR REASSURANCES THAT EISENHOWER HAS NO INTENTION OF EMBARKING ON ANY HIDDEN, TWO-WAY DEALS WITH KHRUSHCHEV THAT WOULD RUN COUNTER TO THEIR OWN BEST INTERESTS.

EISENHOWER ALREADY HAS SAID HE WON'T NEGOTIATE WITH KHRUSHCHEV BEHIND ALLIED BACKS OR ATTEMPT TO SERVE AS SPOKESMAN FOR THE ENTIRE WESTERN WORLD.

30.24-8235

IN ADDITION TO MENTIONING DEVOTION TO PEACE AND FORCEFUL RESISTANCE TO AGGRESSION, EISENHOWER SAID IN HIS STATEMENT YESTERDAY THAT HE INTENDS TO SUGGEST TO ALL THE RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS WITH WHOM HE MEETS IN EUROPE THAT THEY JOIN IN EXPRESSING ANEW A READINESS TO NEGOTIATE WITH RUSSIA ON DISARMAMENT, TO MAKE A REAL BEGINNING TOWARD SOLVING THE PROBLEM OF A DIVIDED GERMANY, AND TO HELP IN REDUCING WORLD TENSIONS ELSEWHERE.

HE PROPOSES, TOO, TO SUGGEST THAT THE ALLIES TEAM TOGETHER ON WHAT HE CALLED "ONE OF THE MOST PRESSING PROBLEMS OF OUR TIME"--HELPING SOME TWO BILLION PEOPLES IN THE LESS-DEVELOPED LANDS TO IMPROVE THEIR CULTURE, HEALTH AND LIVING STANDARDS.

FROM SEN. FRANCIS CASE (R-SD), THE PRESIDENT GOT A GLOWING SEND-OFF. CASE TOLD THE SENATE YESTERDAY:

"THE HOPES AND PRAYERS, THE COURAGE AND THE CONFIDENCE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WILL RIDE WITH HIM."

GG343AED

A112

(340)

WITH IKE

BY CARL HARTMAN

BONN, GERMANY, AUG. 26 (AP)--ALL GERMANY'S MAJOR POLITICAL PROBLEMS WERE PARADED PAST PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TODAY AS HE DROVE IN FROM WAHN AIRPORT TO THE HOME OF U.S. AMBASSADOR DAVID K. BRUCE.

"GERMANY CAN'T BE DEVIDED," SAID ONE BANNER IN EARNEST BUT SOMEWHAT SHAKY ENGLISH SPELLING.

THE POINT WAS REPEATED BY ANOTHER:

"50 MILLION GERMANS ARE FREE, 10 MILLION ARE STILL UNDER COMMUNIST FORCE."

"OPEN THE GATE," URGED ANOTHER--TRANSLATING THE MOST POPULAR WEST GERMAN SLOGAN IN FAVOR OF REUNIFICATION, AND AGAINST THE IRON CURTAIN THAT DIVIDES THE COUNTRY.

THE GERMAN VERSION OF THIS SLOGAN IS OFTEN SEEN WITH A PICTURE OF THE OLD SYMBOLIC BRANDENBURG GATE, NOW MARKING THE LINE BETWEEN WEST BERLIN AND THE COMMUNIST EAST.

"BERLIN IS WORTH A DETOUR," SAID ANOTHER BANNER, TRANSLATING A GERMAN PROVERB. IT WAS ALSO AN ALLUSION TO THE FACT THAT THE PRESIDENT IS NOT GOING TO BERLIN ON THIS TRIP. THE PEOPLE WHO PUT THE BANNER UP APPARENTLY FELT THAT A VISIT FROM HIM WOULD STRENGTHEN WESTERN SPIRITS THERE.

REFUGEES FROM COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY PUT UP SIGNS IN LETTERS FOUR FEET HIGH ON A DOWNHILL STRETCH AS HE APPROACHED THE AMBASSADOR'S RESIDENCE. THEY WERE MERELY THE NAMES OF "LOST PROVINCES," BUT EACH ONE CARRIED A STORY BEHIND IT.

"POMERANIA" AND "UPPER SILESIA" ARE THE FORMER GERMAN LANDS NOW RULED BY POLAND.

"PRUSSIA" REFERS TO EAST PRUSSIA--NOW DIVIDED BETWEEN POLAND AND THE SOVIET UNION.

THESE ARE ALL EAST OF THE ODER-NEISSE LINE, WHICH THE RUSSIANS INSIST MUST BE GERMANY'S EASTERN FRONTIER.

"THE ODER-NEISSE LINE WAS NEVER A GERMAN BORDER," INSISTED ANOTHER BANNER.

ONE SIGN EVEN CARRIED THE WORD "SUDETEN"--THE GERMAN-POPULATED AREA ON THE BORDER OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA THAT WAS SEIZED BY HITLER IN 1938.

SOME GERMANS EXPLAINED THAT THIS SIGN DID NOT CONSTITUTE A DEMAND THAT THIS TERRITORY BE MADE PART OF GERMANY. THEY SAID IT WAS ONLY A REMINDER OF THE HARD FATE OF THE GERMANS EXPELLED FROM IT AFTER WORLD WAR II. AND A PLEA THAT THEY BE ALLOWED TO GO HOME.

AFTER READING ALL THE SIGNS, THE PRESIDENT MAY HAVE FELT REASSURED--OR OVERWHELMED--BY TWO OTHERS THAT SAID:
"THE EXPELLEES TRUST THE FREE WORLD."
"GERMANY TRUSTS EISENHOWER."

JB938PED

A64

(570)

EDITOR'S NOTE--THIS ANALYSIS OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S CURRENT EUROPEAN TOUR IS BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENT WHO HAS ACCOMPANIED THE PRESIDENT SINCE HE WAS ELECTED.

EISENHOWER INTERPRETIVE

BY MARVIN L. ARROWSMITH

BONN, GERMANY, AUG. 26 (AP)--PRESIDENT EISENHOWER PUT HIS GREAT PRESTIGE IN WESTERN EUROPE ON THE LINE IN BEHALF OF WORLD PEACE TONIGHT. AND SCORES OF THOUSANDS OF FREE GERMANS DELIGHTED HIM WITH AN UPRORAIOUS WELCOME.

"OVERWHELMING AND MAGNIFICENT," THE BEAMING PRESIDENT REMARKED TO AN AIDE.

EISENHOWER HAD BEEN PRETTY WELL CONVINCED BEFORE FLYING FROM WASHINGTON EARLY TODAY THAT TRYING HIS HAND AT PERSONAL DIPLOMACY MIGHT HELP EASE WORLD TENSIONS IN THE STRUGGLE WITH RUSSIA.

THE PRESIDENT HAS YET TO CONFER HERE WITH WEST GERMANY'S CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER, AND HE STILL HAS TALKS AHEAD IN BRITAIN WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND IN FRANCE WITH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE.

IN SHORT, EISENHOWER'S BIG TEST REMAINED AHEAD IN HIS EFFORTS TO SHORE UP THE UNITY OF THE WESTERN ALLIANCE. HIS TASK IS TO CONVINCe ADENAUER AND DE GAULLE PARTICULARLY THAT HIS FORTHCOMING TALKS WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV ARE WORTH THE GAMBLE.

SO WINNING THE WESTERN LEADERS TO HIS VIEWPOINT IS THE BIG THING. BUT IF A DISPLAY OF WARM ENTHUSIASM MEANS ANYTHING, THE PRESIDENT SEEM TO HAVE GONE A LONG WAY ALREADY IN GETTING THE PEOPLE OF THIS WEST GERMAN CAPITAL INTO HIS CORNER.

NEWSMEN WHO ACCOMPANIED EISENHOWER FROM WASHINGTON, AND WHO HAVE COVERED HIS ACTIVITIES SINCE HE CAMPAIGNED FOR THE PRESIDENCY IN 1952, COULD NOT RECALL HIS EVER GETTING A MORE HEARTY RECEPTION THAN HE GOT HERE TONIGHT.

IT STARTED AT WAHN AIRPORT. THERE, WITH ADENAUER BESIDE HIM, EISENHOWER DECLARED THE AMERICAN PEOPLE STAND AT THE SIDE OF THEIR ALLIES "IN INSURING THAT THE LOYAL FREE PEOPLE OF FREE BERLIN WILL... CONTINUE ALWAYS TO ENJOY THAT GREAT PRIVILEGE."

ONLY YESTERDAY THE PRESIDENT TOLD A WASHINGTON NEWS CONFERENCE HE FEELS IT HIS DUTY TO EMPLOY THE LAST ATOM OF HIS ENERGY IN QUEST OF AN ENDURING WORLD PEACE. AND HE PLEDGED THERE WILL BE NO U.S. RETREAT IN DEALING WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

THEN TODAY HE CAME BACK TO THIS DIVIDED NATION WHICH HE HAD NOT VISITED SINCE HE WAS SUPREME COMMANDER OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY FORCES IN 1952.

IT WAS A RETURN, TOO, TO THE COUNTRY WHICH EISENHOWER BROUGHT TO ITS KNEES AS COMMANDER OF THE ALLIED WORLD WAR II FORCES.

TODAY WOMEN AND CHILDREN TOSSED BOUQUETS OF FLOWERS INTO HIS LIMOUSINE AS HE RODE IN TRIUMPH FROM THE AIRPORT WITH ADENAUER.

THE PRESIDENT'S WELCOME ALL ALONG THE 20-MILE ROUTE WAS EXUBERANT. CROWDS UP TO SIX AND SEVEN DEEP LINED THE NARROW STREETS MOST OF THE WAY THROUGH SEVERAL COMMUNITIES--PORZ, TROISDORF, SIEGBURG, ST. AUGUSTIN, BEUEL.

ON THE BRIDGE OVER THE RHINE AT BONN, CROWDS MASSES ON BOTH SIDES OF THE ROAD AND THREATENED TO GET OUT OF HAND FOR A TIME. OVERHEAD THERE WERE BANNERS -- SOME IN GERMAN, SOME IN ENGLISH -- READING:

"WELCOME IKE. HELP US, PLEASE."

"GERMANY CAN'T BE DIVIDED."

"MILLIONS ARE FREE. TWENTY MILLION ARE NOT FREE."

1959

1959

IN THE DOWNTOWN AREA OF BONN SEARCHLIGHTS PLAYED ON EISENHOWER AND HIS HOST AS THEY RODE THROUGH THE STREETS.

CLOSER TO THE AMERICAN EMBASSY RESIDENCE, WHERE THE PRESIDENT WAS SPENDING THE NIGHT, THERE WAS A SIGHT REMINISCENT OF AN EARLIER ERA IN U.S. POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS--FLARING TORCHLIGHTS WAVED ALOFT BY YOUNG STUDENTS.

IF FRONT OF THE EMBASSY RESIDENCE AFTER A TWO-HOUR DRIVE FROM THE AIRPORT, THE PRESIDENT WAS NEARLY MOBBED AS HE ENTERED THE GROUNDS WITH ADENAUER.

"WONDERFUL--JUST WONDERFUL," U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER REMARKED AS HE WATCHED FROM THE SIDEWALK.

TD628PED

A44

(600)

PMS BUDGET

EISENHOWER INTERPRETIVE

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, AUG. 26 (AP)--THE BRITISH VIEW PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S TRIP TO EUROPE AS THE START OF ONE OF THE GREATEST PEACE INITIATIVES UNDERTAKEN BY ANY AMERICAN PRESIDENT.

LEADERS OF PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN'S GOVERNMENT VIEW THE PRESIDENT'S MEETINGS WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV AS A CHANCE FOR EISENHOWER TO LAY THE BASIS FOR A COLD WAR TRUCE, A LIVE AND LET LIVE ARRANGEMENT WITH RUSSIA IN THE H-BOMB AGE.

"THIS IS A TREMENDOUS EVENT (AND) MAY PROVE THE BEGINNING OF A NEW ERA IN THE HISTORY OF MANKIND," DECLARED ONE WIDELY READ NEWSPAPER. "HIS OBJECT IS NOTHING LESS THAN TO SAVE MANKIND."

"IKE'S MISSION REMINDS ME OF A CRUSADE," ONE VETERAN BRITISH DIPLOMAT SAID. "IT IS THE SORT OF THING ANY BRITISH PRIME MINISTER WOULD GIVE HIS ALL TO DO YET KNOWS HE CANNOT BECAUSE MODERN BRITAIN IS NOT STRONG ENOUGH."

BUT MACMILLAN IS EXPECTED TO TELL EISENHOWER HOW HE THINKS KHRUSHCHEV CAN BEST BE HANDLED, TALKING ON THE BASIS OF HIS OWN EXPERIENCE IN MOSCOW SIX MONTHS AGO. AND EISENHOWER WILL TELL WHAT VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON CONCLUDED AFTER HIS VISIT TO THE SOVIET CAPITAL.

THE TWO THEN WILL TRY TO WORK OUT A STRATEGY WHICH EISENHOWER CAN USE IN HIS OWN ENCOUNTERS WITH THE QUICK-WITTED RUSSIAN.

A WORLD-RANGING SURVEY OF THE MOUNTING CHALLENGE OF SOVIET COMMUNISM IS SLATED BY THE TWO WESTERN LEADERS.

THE WEST'S ABILITY TO MEET THE COMMUNIST CHALLENGE DEPENDS LARGELY ON THE STATE OF ALLIED UNITY IN THE NEXT FEW YEARS. FOR THAT REASON--ALTHOUGH AMERICAN AND BRITISH SPOKESMEN WOULD NEVER ADMIT IT PUBLICLY --EISENHOWER AND MACMILLAN WILL DEVOTE MUCH TIME TO TWO OF THEIR COLLEAGUES WHOSE PERSONALITIES AND POLICIES HAVE AROUSED CONTROVERSY AMONG THE ALLIES. THEY ARE FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE AND WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

DE GAULLE'S AMBITION TO MAKE FRANCE A POWERFUL NUCLEAR NATION WILL COME OUT IN THEIR TALK ABOUT THE STATE OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE AND DE GAULLE'S DEMANDS THAT THE WEST BACK FRANCE'S ALGERIAN CAMPAIGN.

BOTH MACMILLAN AND EISENHOWER WANT A STRONG FRANCE. PROBABLY THEY WILL AGREE TO MEET DE GAULLE'S DEMANDS AS FAR AS THEY CAN. BUT THEY DO NOT WANT TO IMPLICATE THEMSELVES IN ALGERIA OR SEEM TO SURRENDER TO THE FRENCH PRESIDENT'S THREATS.

RELATIONS WITH ADENAUER INVOLVE THE LONG-TERM PROBLEM OF AN OVER-ALL GERMAN SETTLEMENT.

EISENHOWER AND MACMILLAN KNOW RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA NEVER WILL BE STABLE UNTIL GERMANY'S FUTURE AS A UNITED OR DIVIDED COUNTRY IS AGREED ON. THEY ALSO KNOW ADENAUER WILL RESIST SUCH CONCESSIONS TO RUSSIA AS A BAN ON WEST GERMANY'S USE OF AMERICAN NUCLEAR WEAPONS. AND THEY ARE DETERMINED TO PRESERVE GERMANY'S MILITARY LINKS WITH NATO AFTER ADENAUER QUILTS PUBLIC LIFE--WITHOUT KILLING ALL CHANCE OF AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA.

1959

HERE IS A RUN-DOWN ON OTHER PROBLEMS FACING EISENHOWER AND MACMILLAN
1. AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE. THE PRIME MINISTER STILL CONSIDERS SUCH A MEETING MUST BE HELD SOON ON BERLIN AND THE FUTURE OF GERMANY. BUT HE DOES NOT INTEND TRYING TO PIN THE PRESIDENT DOWN TO ANY DATE, AS HE TRIED TO DO EARLIER THIS YEAR.

2. BERLIN AND GERMAN REUNIFICATION. THE TWO HOPE TO GET RUSSIA TO RESPECT EXISTING ALLIED RIGHTS IN THE CITY.

3. RED CHINA'S ROLE IN THE FAR EAST. SPECIAL ATTENTION WILL BE PAID TO PEIPING'S RELATIONS WITH MOSCOW. THE DANGEROUS SITUATION IN LAOS PROBABLY WILL BE THE STARTING POINT FOR DISCUSSION OF PEIPING'S BID FOR POWER AND INFLUENCE THROUGHOUT ASIA. BORDER TROUBLES THAT SEEM TO BE DEVELOPING BETWEEN RED CHINA AND INDIA AND THE POWDERKEG POTENTIAL OF THE QUEMOY AND MATSU ISLANDS ALSO ARE EXPECTED TO BE TAKEN UP.

4. DISARMAMENT. WITH NEW EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS IN THE OFFING, THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRIME MINISTER WILL CONSIDER A NEW APPROACH TOWARD GETTING SMALL PILOT SCHEMES STARTED IN ARMS CONTROL AND INSPECTION ON BOTH SIDES OF THE IRON CURTAIN.

INSPECTION ON BOTH SIDES OF THE IRON CURTAIN.

5. NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS. THEY WILL CONSIDER HOW BEST TO PROVIDE A NEW IMPETUS FOR THE SLOW-MOVING GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS ON A TEST BAN. MACMILLAN INTENDS TO PRESS EISENHOWER NOT TO RESUME AMERICAN NUCLEAR TESTS AFTER THE ONE-YEAR MORATORIUM EXPIRES IN OCTOBER.

6. RUSSIA'S ECONOMIC CHALLENGE. THE TWO WILL STUDY HOW THE SPREAD OF RED INFLUENCE CAN BE BLOCKED IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND AFRICA. PLANS FOR EXPANDING AID IN UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS WILL BE CONSIDERED, AND THE PROSPECT OF DRAWING KHRUSHCHEV INTO ONE OR TWO JOINT PROJECTS MAY BE DISCUSSED.

B95MP

WORLD SVC (220)

MINNEAPOLIS, AUG. 26 (AP)-KOREAN AMBASSADOR DR. YU CHAN YANG SAID HERE TODAY THE FIRST AIM OF SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S U.S. VISIT WILL BE "THAT OF CONVINCING THE FREE WORLD IT SHOULD ACKNOWLEDGE ONCE AND FOR ALL THE DOMINATION BY THE KREMLIN OVER THAT ONE-THIRD OF THE WORLD THAT HAS BEEN IMPRISONED BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN."

THE KOREAN ENVOY TO THE UNITED STATES SPOKE TO THE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE AMERICAN LEGION AUXILIARY. HE SAID THE COMMUNISTS WANT AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT THAT THEIR CONQUESTS ARE DEEDS WHICH CANNOT BE UNDONE.

"THEN," YANG SAID, "ON THE BASIS OF THIS SECURITY, THEY CAN MOVE ALL THE MORE SURELY AND RAPIDLY ON TO NEW CONQUESTS AND INFILTRATIONS--ON INTO THE MIDDLE EAST AND AFRICA, THE REST OF ASIA AND EUROPE, AND STILL FURTHER INTO SOUTH AND NORTH AMERICA."

YANG SAID THAT KHRUSHCHEV "COMES TO AMERICA WITH HIS FAMOUS CAPACITY FOR SMILES AND JOKES, WHILE HE HOLDS HALF OF OUR OWN KOREAN NATION IN ABSOLUTE BONDAGE, CYNICALLY REFUSING TO ACCEPT THE UNITED NATIONS PLAN TO LET OUR NORTHERN PROVINCES EXPRESS THEIR OWN POLITICAL DESIRES THROUGH A FREE AND FAIR ELECTION UNDER UNITED NATION'S SUPERVISION."

ALTHOUGH KOREANS LOOK WITH "SOME CONSIDERABLE ANXIETY," ON THE KHRUSHCHEV VISIT, YANG SAID, THEY "DO NOT FOR AN INSTANT ENTERTAIN ANY FEARS THAT IN THE TALKS WHICH WILL BE HELD PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL DO OR SAY ANYTHING THAT WILL HARM OUR NATION OR THE CAUSE OF WORLD FREEDOM."

"WE KNOW," YANG ASSERTED, "HE WILL DO ALL HE CAN TO MAKE THEM SERVE THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND JUSTICE."

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30.24-8237-

B63 (Q)
(200)

MOSCOW, AUG. 26 (AP)-IZVESTIA TODAY ACCUSED MILITARY AND BUSINESS LEADERS IN THE UNITED STATES OF TRYING TO BELITTLE THE COMING TALKS BETWEEN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV.

THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER SAID THEIR "ATTITUDE...RUNS COUNTER TO THE INTERESTS OF BOTH THE AMERICAN PEOPLE THEMSELVES AND THE INTERESTS OF OTHER NATIONS."

"THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF MANKIND," IZVESTIA SAID, "BELIEVES THAT THE FRIENDLIER SOVIET-AMERICAN RELATIONS, THE BETTER FOR PEACE."

"THE PROSPECTS OF EASING TENSION WHICH ARE BEGINNING TO APPEAR HAVE THROWN INTO CONFUSION THE OWNERS OF THE WAR MONOPOLIES," THE NEWSPAPER CONTINUED.

"A NUMBER OF INFLUENTIAL AMERICAN LEADERS AND NEWSPAPERS HAVE NOW LAUNCHED A CAMPAIGN AIMED AT CREATING THE IMPRESSION THAT THE EXCHANGE OF VISITS WILL NOT PRODUCE ANY SERIOUS POSITIVE RESULTS."

"THE NEW YORK JOURNAL AMERICAN IS SURE THAT THE 'COLD WAR' WILL CONTINUE FOR ANOTHER 25-50 YEARS AND THAT IT IS THEREFORE NECESSARY TO STEP UP THE NUCLEAR ROCKET RACE, TO MAINTAIN MILITARY BASES AND THE OBSTACLES TO TRADE BETWEEN THE EAST AND THE WEST, THE HOTBEDS OF TENSION AND POTENTIAL CONFLICTS."

IZVESTIA CHARGED THAT FACTIONS IN THE UNITED STATES "WOULD LIKE TO REDUCE THE (EISENHOWER-KHRUSHCHEV) VISITS TO SUPERFICIAL GESTURES AND NOT ALLOW A REAL IMPROVEMENT BETWEEN THE TWO BIGGEST STATES OF THE WORLD."

A78'

BULLETIN

FIRST LEAD KHRUSHCHEV

MOSCOW, AUG. 26 (AP)-NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV HAS WARNED THAT THE SOVIET MILITARY MIGHT COULD OVERWHELM THE UNITED STATES BUT AT THE SAME TIME SAID HIS COMING TALKS WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER COULD PROVIDE AN HISTORIC TURN IN THE COLD WAR.

KHRUSHCHEV MADE THE STATEMENT IN A LETTER TO WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER A WEEK AGO.

RUSSIAN NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED THE MESSAGE A FEW HOURS AFTER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER ARRIVED IN BONN TODAY ON HIS SWING AROUND EUROPE BEFORE HIS SEPTEMBER MEETING IN WASHINGTON WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

THE SOVIET LEADER SAID HIS TALKS WITH EISENHOWER COULD RESULT IN "MUTUALLY ACCEPTABLE DECISIONS."

"IT MAY BE THAT WE ARE ON THE EVE OF A HISTORIC TURN IN THE POLICY OF THE TWO BLOCS--FROM FURTHER ISOLATION TO GRADUAL RAPPROCHMENT AND ADJUSTMENT OF THE OUTSTANDING ISSUES TO ENSURE THE PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE OF ALL STATES," HE SAID.

"IT SHOULD BE BORNE IN MIND THAT IF THE WESTERN GERMANS USE ALL THE ECONOMIC POTENTIAL AND MANPOWER RESOURCES OF THEIR COUNTRY FOR CREATING THE MOST POWERFUL ARMY IN WESTERN EUROPE, EVEN THEN THE STRENGTH OF THAT ARMY WOULD NOT BE EQUAL TO THE POWER OF OUR ARMY AND THAT OF THE ARMIES OF OUR ALLIES," HE WROTE.

"EVEN TOGETHER WITH TH ITS ALLIES (INCLUDING THE UNITED STATES) THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO EQUAL OUR STRENGTH."

KHRUSHCHEV STRESSED THAT HE WAS NOT TRYING TO INTIMIDATE WEST GERMANY -- "WE HAVE BOTH SEEN TOO MANY HORRORS TO RESORT TO THIS."
THE SOVIET LEADER TOLD ADENAUER THAT THE REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY IS A DOMESTIC MATTER OF THE GERMANS AND CANNOT BE ACCOMPLISHED BY THE GREAT POWERS.

WESTERN REUNIFICATION PROPOSALS, HE SAID, ARE UNREALISTIC. 1959
HE ADDED, "WE ARE EMPHATICALLY AGAINST INTERFERENCE IN THIS PURELY DOMESTIC MATTER."

(IN BONN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WAS GREETED BY THOUSANDS OF GERMANS BEGGING HIM TO REUNIFY GERMANY. IT IS EXPECTED THE SUBJECTS OF REUNIFICATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ALLIED BASES IN WEST BERLIN WILL BE DISCUSSED BY EISENHOWER AND ADENAUER).

"IT IS CLEAR TO ANY REALISTICALLY MINDED STATE THAT THE POLICY OF REUNIFICATION BY THE EFFORTS OF OTHERS, AND WITH THE ABOLITION OF THE SOCIALIST SYSTEM IN THE (COMMUNIST) GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC TO BOOT, IS INSOLVENT."

HE ADVISED ADENAUER TO ESTABLISH CLOSER RELATIONS WITH THE EAST GERMANS AND SUGGESTED THAT THE RED PROPOSAL FOR A CONFEDERATION OF THE TWO STATES WOULD BE THE BEST WAY OF OVERCOMING THEIR SPLIT.

"BUT THIS OF COURSE IS YOUR INTERNAL MATTER, A MATTER FOR THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC AND THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY," HE SAID.

--DASH--
KHRUSHCHEV'S MESSAGE WAS HANDED OVER ON AUG. 19 BY THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR TO GERMANY, ANDREI SMIRNOV.

A BONN GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN LAST MONDAY CONFIRMED RECEIPT OF THE MESSAGE BUT SAID IT CONTAINED NO NEW PROPOSALS.

OTHER KHRUSHCHEV MESSAGES ARE UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE BEEN DISPATCHED TO PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN AND FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE -- BOTH DUE FOR VISITS FROM EISENHOWER.

(NO PICKUP)
R751PED

A70'WX

BULLETIN

NUCLEAR

WASHINGTON, AUG. 26 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS ORDERED THAT AMERICA'S SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS BE EXTENDED BEYOND OCT. 31 TO THE END OF THIS YEAR. 1959

EISENHOWER ACTED IN VIEW OF THE SIX-WEEKS RECESS ANNOUNCED EARLIER IN THE DAY BY THE BIG THREE ATOMIC POWERS NEGOTIATING AT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ON A NUCLEAR TEST BAN.

THERE HAS BEEN STRONG SUPPORT IN SOME U.S. GOVERNMENT QUARTERS TO GET GOING AGAIN ON THE TESTS.

IN ANNOUNCING EISENHOWER'S ORDER TONIGHT, THE STATE DEPARTMENT DID NOT SAY WHETHER THERE IT NOW EXPECTS A SPEEDY AGREEMENT ON AN INTERNATIONAL TEST BAN OR WHETHER THE UNITED STATES INTENDS TO RESUME TESTS AFTER JAN. 1, 1960.

THE SELF-IMPOSED HALT IN U.S. TESTS WAS ANNOUNCED AUG. 22, 1958. IT WAS TO LAST ONE YEAR FROM THE TIME THE GENEVA TALKS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET UNION GOT GOING. THE TALKS BEGAN OCT. 31.

THE RUSSIANS HAVE NOT FIRED OFF ANY ATOMIC SHOTS THAT WASHINGTON HAS DETECTED SINCE NOV. 3, 1958, SHORTLY AFTER THE GENEVA PARLEY. GOT HUNDREDWAY

SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY (D-MINN) CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON DISARMAMENT, WHO HAS BEEN ADVOCATING EXTENSION OF THE BAN, PRAISED THE PRESIDENT'S ACTION IN A STATEMENT WHICH SAID, IN PART:

"THIS EXTENSION WILL ALLOW THE GENEVA TEST BAN CONFERENCE, TO BE RECONVENED ON OCT. 12, 1959, ALMOST THREE MONTHS ADDITIONAL TIME TO DETERMINE WHETHER . . . A NUCLEAR TEST BAN AGREEMENT CAN BE REACHED.

"THE PRESIDENT . . . IS PURSUING THE PROPER COURSE, IN MY OPINION, ONE THAT HOLDS OUT SOME HOPE THAT A CONTROLLED CESSATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS MAYBE NEGOTIATED."

TONIGHT'S STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCEMENT SAID:

"THE PRESIDENT HAS DIRECTED THAT THE UNILATERAL SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING BY THE UNITED STATES CURRENTLY IN EFFECT BE EXTENDED THROUGHOUT THIS CALENDAR YEAR.

"THIS DECISION WAS TAKEN IN THE LIGHT OF THE AGREED SIX-WEEKS RECESS ANNOUNCED TODAY BY THE NEGOTIATING PARTIES AT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ON THE DISCONTINUANCE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS...

"IN CONTINUING ITS VOLUNTARY SUSPENSION OF ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN WEAPONS TESTS TO DEC. 21, 1959, THE UNITED STATES WISHES TO ALLOW A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME FOR THE NEGOTIATIONS TO PROCEED FOLLOWING THEIR RESUMPTION ON OCT. 12, 1959."

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS WERE UNABLE TO SAY IMMEDIATELY WHAT THE BRITISH POSITION IS ON THE MATTER. BRITAIN SUSPENDED HER NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS AT THE SAME TIME AS THE UNITED STATES DID. LONDON WAS SAID TO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED ABOUT EISENHOWER'S DECISION IN ADVANCE.

THE AMERICAN CHIEF EXECUTIVE HAD MADE KNOWN HIS STRONG INTEREST IN THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN AND THE DISARMAMENT QUESTION GENERALLY. DISARMAMENT IS ONE OF THE TOPICS HE HAS SAID HE WOULD TAKE UP WITH WESTERN ALLIED LEADERS ON HIS EUROPEAN TRIP WHICH BEGAN TODAY.

THE SUBJECT IS ALSO ON THE EXPECTED AGENDA FOR EISENHOWER'S TALKS WITH NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV WHEN THE SOVIET PREMIER ARRIVES IN WASHINGTON NEXT MONTH.

CONVENIENTLY, FROM THE STANDPOINT OF THIS LITTLE SUMMIT MEETING, THE GENEVA PARLEY WILL STILL BE IN RECESS.

IN THE LENGTHY NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA, EAST-WEST NEGOTIATORS HAVE REACHED AGREEMENT ON SEVERAL PROVISIONS FOR A PROPOSED INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT TO HALT ATOMIC TESTING. BUT THERE ARE STILL IMPORTANT POINTS OF DIFFERENCE.

THE MAIN STUMBLING BLOCKS ARE MOSCOW'S REFUSAL TO AGREE TO SCIENTIFIC MEANS FOR POLICING THE TEST BAN AS THE WEST WISHES AND ITS DEMAND FOR VETO POWERS AT IMPORTANT POINTS IN THE POLICING MACHINERY.

SOME OFFICIALS HERE IN BOTH THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION HAVE FAVORED RESUMING TESTS ON THE GROUNDS THAT IMPROVED ATOMIC WEAPONS ARE NEEDED TO KEEP THE FREE WORLD DEFENSE POSTURE STRONG IN THE FACE OF GROWING COMMUNIST MIGHT. JK1EG736PED

B52

-71 Q

(350)

1959
GENEVA, AUG. 26 (AP)-WESTERN SOURCES INDICATED TODAY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL PROPOSE TO SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV A THREE-POWER COMPROMISE AGREEMENT TO STOP NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING. THAT REPORT WAS HEARD AFTER THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS HERE WENT INTO A LATE SUMMER RECESS.

THE CONFERENCE INTERRUPTED ITS WORK UNTIL OCT. 12 TO PERMIT AN INFORMAL SUMMER LEVEL DISCUSSION OF THE COMPLEX PROBLEM OF A NUCLEAR TEST SUSPENSION. EISENHOWER IS EXPECTED TO TACKLE THE PROBLEM IN HIS TALKS WITH BRITISH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN IN LONDON THIS WEEK AND WITH KHRUSHCHEV IN WASHINGTON NEXT MONTH.

CONFERENCE SOURCES SAID THEY EXPECT THE PRIVATE TALKS WILL GIVE THE CONFERENCE HERE A NEW IMPETUS. THEY WARNED, HOWEVER, THAT MONTHS OF DIFFICULT NEGOTIATIONS ARE STILL AHEAD EVEN IF EISENHOWER AND KHRUSHCHEV SHOULD OVERCOME SOME OF THE DIFFICULTIES WHICH HAVE HAMPERED THE 10-MONTH OLD NUCLEAR CONFERENCE.

ONE IS A PERSISTENT AND PATIENT ATTEMPT TO OVERCOME SOVIET UNWILLINGNESS TO ACCEPT WESTERN DEMANDS FOR EFFECTIVE CONTROLS ON ALL ASPECTS OF A WORLD-WIDE NUCLEAR TEST BAN.

THE OTHER IS TO PROPOSE AN AGREEMENT TO STOP ALL TEST EXPLOSIONS WHICH CONSTITUTE A HEALTH HAZARD TO HUMANITY--BLASTS UNDER WATER, ON THE GROUND, IN THE ATMOSPHERE AND AT HIGH ALTITUDES--AND LEAVE THE PROBLEM OF UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS TO BE SOLVED LATER.

30.24-8239

THE PROBLEM OF HOW TO CONTROL UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS HAS BEEN ONE OF THE MAIN OBJECTS OF DISAGREEMENT. IT IS CLOSELY RELATED TO OTHER STILL UNSETTLED ISSUES ON WHICH BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES ON ONE HAND AND RUSSIA ON THE OTHER SEEM TO BE AS FAR APART AS EVER. IF THIS AND THE RELATED PROBLEMS WERE DROPPED FOR THE TIME BEING IT MIGHT BE MUCH EASIER TO COME TO TEST BAN AGREEMENT, THE SOURCES SAID.

EISENHOWER WROTE KHRUSHCHEV EARLIER THIS YEAR TO PROPOSE A TEST BAN IN PHASES AS A FIRST STEP TOWARD AN ALL-INCLUSIVE TEST SUSPENSION SYSTEM. KHRUSHCHEV REJECTED THE IDEA AT THAT TIME, BUT THE PRESIDENT IS EXPECTED TO RENEW THE PROPOSAL IN THE LIGHT OF NEW DEVELOPMENTS HERE.

THE SOURCES SAID THE RUSSIANS, WHO HAVE MADE SOME MINOR CONCESSIONS DURING RECENT WEEKS, NOW APPEAR MORE FLEXIBLE IN THEIR APPROACH. IN PARTICULAR THEY AGREED TO A SYSTEM FOR THE CONTROL OF BLASTS AT HIGH ALTITUDE AND IN OUTER SPACE.

RJ719PED

A113

NIGHT LEAD PUGWASH (170)

PUGWASH, N.S., AUG. 26 (AP)-CLEVELAND INDUSTRIALIST, CYRUS EATON SAID TODAY THE CONFERENCE OF WORLD SCIENTISTS ON CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AT HIS HOME HERE HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL "BEYOND MY WILDEST DREAMS."

THE WEEK-LONG CONFERENCE OF 25 SCIENTISTS ENTERS ITS FOURTH DAY TOMORROW.

IT'S THE SECOND TIME INTERNATIONALLY-KNOWN SCIENTISTS HAVE GATHERED HERE TO DISCUSS THE HAZARDS OF MODERN WEAPONS OF WAR.

EATON IS A NATIVE OF PUGWASH.

"TWO AND TWO MAKES FOUR WHETHER YOU ARE A CAPITALIST OR A COMMUNIST," EATON SAID IN AN INTERVIEW. HE WAS COMMENTING ON GETTING SCIENTISTS FROM BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN AND FROM WESTERN NATIONS TOGETHER.

THE FIRST MEETING OF WORLD SCIENTISTS, HELD IN 1957, WAS ORIGINALLY SCHEDULED FOR INDIA. BUT EATON WAS ABLE TO PERSUADE THE PLANNERS, LED BY BRITISH PHILOSOPHER LORD BERTRAND RUSSELL, TO BRING THE SCIENTISTS TO THE NOVA SCOTIA COMMUNITY WHERE THE STEEL MAGNATE SPENDS HIS SUMMER HOLIDAYS.

FOR MANY YEARS PRIOR TO THE FIRST SCIENTIFIC MEETING, THE 75-YEAR-OLD-EATON HAD INVITED MANY OF THE WORLD'S LEADING THINKERS TO VISIT PUGWASH.

EATON SAID HE WANTED DEEPLY TO ENCOURAGE FRIENDLINESS AMONG THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD WHO POSSESS DISTINCTLY DIFFERENT ECONOMIES, RELIGIONS AND POLITICAL BELIEFS.

MIKAHIL M. DUBININ, PROFESSOR OF MOSCOW'S INSTITUTE OF PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY SAID YESTERDAY THAT THE POTENTIAL PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY OF CAPITALIST NATIONS GIVES "A STRIKING IDEA OF THE POTENTIALITIES OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS AND THEIR MENACE TO MANKIND."

DUBININ REVIEWED THE POTENTIALITIES OF CHEMICAL WARFARE FOR 25 SCIENTISTS ATTENDING A WEEK-LONG CONFERENCE HERE ON CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE SPONSORED BY PUGWASH-BORN INDUSTRIALIST CYRUS EATON OF CLEVELAND, OHIO.

DUBININ SAID LARGE PLANE CARRYING TONS OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS COULD WIPE OUT AN AREA CORRESPONDING IN SIZE TO AN AREA DESTROYABLE BY A MEDIUM-OR LARGE-CLIBRE ATOM BOMB.

PROF. THEODORE ROSEBURY OF WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, ST. LOUIS, MO., SAID THE METHODS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY HAVE BEEN NO MORE EFFECTIVE IN SOLVING WORLD TENSION THAN POLITICIANS.

SIR ROBERT WATSON WATT, THE BRITISH SCIENTIST WHO HELPED DEVELOP RADAR, TOLD OF A TOXIC SUBSTANCE WEIGHING ONLY EIGHT OUNCES THAT "COULD KILL OFF EVERY HUMAN BEING ON OUR PLANET" IF PROPERLY DISTRIBUTED.

HE DID NOT NAME THE SUBSTANCE, BUT SAID ONLY ONE NEWSPAPER "HAS TOLD ITS READERS OF THE AVAILABILITY" OF THE POISON.

U.S. SEN. WAYNE MORRIS (D-ORE.) WIRED DELEGATES THAT THE SENATE IS WATCHING THE OBSERVATIONS AND CONSLUCIONS MADE AT THIS CONFERENCE.*

A149KX
(160)

SAN DIEGO, CALIF., AUG. 26 (AP)-RUSSIA LEADS IN KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE ARCTIC OCEAN EVEN THOUGH U. S. ATOMIC-POWERED SUBMARINES HAVE BEEN THE FIRST TO CROSS IT UNDER ITS ICE PACK, A NAVY SCIENTIST SAID TODAY.

DR. J. W. HORTON, TECHNICAL DIRECTOR OF THE NAVY UNDERWATER SOUND LABORATORY AT NEW LONDON, CONN., SAID THE RUSSIANS ALSO ARE AHEAD IN OCEANOGRAPHIC RESEARCH GENERALLY.

"THEY HAVE 170 OCEANOGRAPHIC VESSELS WHILE WE HAVE VERY FEW," HE SAID.

HIS COMMENT CAME AT AN ANTI-SUBMARINE WARFARE CONFERENCE SPONSORED JOINTLY BY THE NAVY AND INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL SCIENCES.

OTHERS ATTENDING, INCLUDING ADM. HERBERT G. HOPWOOD, COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE U. S. PACIFIC FLEET, STRESSED THE NEED FOR GREATLY INCREASED STUDY OF UNDERSEAS CONDITIONS.

"THE RUSSIANS," SAID HORTON, "KNOW A GREAT DEAL ABOUT THAT VAST AND MYSTERIOUS SEA BENEATH THE POLAR ICE. WE KNOW VERY LITTLE. IT IS ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT WATER AREAS OF THE WORLD FOR SUBMARINE OPERATIONS."

SOME NAVY OFFICIALS HAVE PREDICTED SUBMARINES COULD LAUNCH LONG-RANGE MISSILES WITH NUCLEAR WARHEADS FROM THE ARCTIC AT TARGETS IN THE UNITED STATES.

FJ955PCS

A95KX

NIGHT LEAD (170)

WHITE SANDS MISSILE RANGE, N. M., AUG. 26 (AP)-A MISSILE THE ARMY IS DEVELOPING TO USE AGAINST OTHER MISSILES GOT OFF THE GROUND IN A TEST TODAY BUT SOON FELL APART.

THE FIRST COMPLETE NIKE ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE MISSILE WAS TEST FIRED ON THIS 100-MILE-LONG RANGE.

"IT WAS A SUCCESSFUL LAUNCH," A SPOKESMAN SAID. "THE THING GOT OFF THE GROUND. ACTUALLY IT WAS ON ITS WAY UP RANGE. IT WAS SEVERAL SECONDS BEFORE IT BEGAN TO FALL APART."

"NO ONE ACTUALLY SAW A BLOOM OF AN EXPLOSION," HE SAID. "IT JUST STARTED FALLING APART. HARDWARE WAS FALLING FROM THE SKY EVERYWHERE."

"OUR SAFETY PEOPLE DIDN'T BLOW THE THING UP. WE CAN BLOW IT UP IF IT GOES OFF COURSE. BUT DEFINITELY WE DID NOT BLOW THE THING UP."

HE INSISTED THE BLASTOFF WAS SUCCESSFUL---"I COULD HEAR THE PEOPLE CHEERING."

THE NIKE ZEUS IS A KING-SIZED VERSION OF THE NIKE HERCULES, WHICH IS PROTECTING POPULATION CENTERS AROUND THE NATION. IT IS MEANT TO KEEP ENEMY INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES FROM HITTING TARGETS IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE ZEUS WAS FIRED AT A LOW ANGLE SO IT WOULD NOT RUN OUT OF THE LONG WHITE SANDS RANGE BEFORE IT PLOWED INTO THE GROUND.

FJ623PCS

A66WX

(520) AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD LAOS

BY LEWIS GULICK

WASHINGTON, AUG. 26 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY MET LAOS' URGENT APPEAL FOR MORE AID AND ACCUSED THE COMMUNIST WORLD OF ABETTING THE USE OF FORCE AGAINST THE TINY SOUTHEAST ASIAN KINGDOM.

THE EXACT AMOUNT OF NEW AID WAS NOT DISCLOSED.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED ALSO AN UNUSUAL SESSION OF THE SOUTH-EAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION (CAPS SEATO) WILL BE HELD HERE IN LATE SEPTEMBER.

WHILE THE LAOS CRISIS MAY BE DISCUSSED AT THIS SESSION, PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE SAID THAT SO FAR AS HE KNEW THE QUESTIONS OF SENDING OF TROOPS BY THE UNITED STATES OR SEATO TO LAOS HAS NOT ARISEN.

MEANWHILE, REP. SAMUEL S. STRATTON (D-NY) URGED THAT MARINES BE SENT TO LAOS AND THAT A CARRIER TASK FORCE BE STATIONED IN THE AREA.

"THIS IS JUST ONE MORE BIT OF THE OLD NIBBLING PROCESS THAT WAS HALTED ONLY TEMPORARILY IN 1954 WITH THE PARTITION OF INDOCHINA," SAID STRATTON, A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF STEPPED-UP AID CAME WITHIN A DAY OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S DISCLOSURE THAT LAOS, WHOSE NORTHERN JUNGLE AREAS HAVE COME UNDER GUERRILLA-TYPE ATTACK, WAS SEEKING MORE HELP. THE PRESIDENT LABELED THE MATTER URGENT.

THE EXTENDED ASSISTANCE TO BE SPEEDED TO LAOS INCLUDES A WIDE RANGE OF SUPPLIES FOR LAOS FORCES RANGING FROM SMALL ARMS TO TENTS. MONEY ALSO IS EXPECTED TO BE EARMARKED FOR THE PAY OF ADDITIONAL LAOS SOLDIERS.

THE SPECIFIC AMOUNTS OF AID AND TYPES OF EQUIPMENT WERE NOT GIVEN OUT. IT WAS REPORTED UNOFFICIALLY THAT THE SUM WOULD BE SUFFICIENT TO RAISE LAOS' ARMY FROM THE PRESENT 25,000-MAN LEVEL TO NEAR THE 30,000 MEN UNDER ARMS AT THE TIME OF THE SIGNING OF THE 1954 GENEVA ARMISTICE ENDING THE INDOCHINA WAR.

U. S. AID IS CURRENTLY RUNNING AT THE RATE OF ABOUT 30 MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR, ABOUT TWO THIRDS OF THIS HAS BEEN USED TO PAY THE LAOTIAN ARMY PAYROLL. THE NEW EQUIPMENT WILL GO ALSO TO THE 16,000 MAN LOCAL MILITIA WHO ARE USED FOR INTERNAL SECURITY.

PRESS OFFICER WHITE POINTED AN ACCUSING FINGER AT HANOI, THE CAPITAL OF COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM WHICH BORDERS LAOS, AND ALSO AT PEIPING AND MOSCOW IN MAKING THE U. S. ANNOUNCEMENT.

"UNLIKE THE SINO-SOVIET BLOC," THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID, "THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT BELIEVE THAT THERE SHOULD BE RECOURSE TO THE USE OF FORCE IN RESOLVING THIS MATTER."

"HOWEVER, THE COMMUNISTS HAVE POSED THEIR THREAT TO LAOS IN TERMS THAT REQUIRE ADEQUATE MILITARY POLICE COUNTER MEASURES IF THAT NATION'S INTEGRITY IS TO BE PRESERVED."

"THE UNITED STATES HAS, THEREFORE, RESPONDED TO SPECIFIC REQUESTS FROM THE LAO GOVERNMENT FOR IMPROVING ITS DEFENSE POSITION BY AUTHORIZING SUFFICIENT ADDITIONAL AID TO PERMIT TEMPORARY EMERGENCY INCREASES IN THE LAO NATIONAL ARMY AND IN THE VILLAGE MILITIA WHICH PROVIDES LOCAL POLICE PROTECTION."

WASHINGTON HAS ALREADY EARMARKED TWO ADDITIONAL WORLD WAR II TYPE CARGO PLANES FOR USE OF THE LAOTIAN ARMY.

HOWEVER, THE NEW EQUIPMENT WILL NOT INCLUDE SUCH MODERN ARMS AS TANKS AND ARTILLERY WHICH MIGHT BE DEEMED IN VIOLATION OF THE GENEVA PACT PROVISION DESIGNED TO KEEP MILITARY LEVELS STABLE.

IN ADDITION, WHITE SAID THE GENEVA AGREEMENTS HAD SET NO SPECIFIC FORCE LEVELS AND "HAVING NOTHING TO DO WITH THIS."

REPORTS REACHING WASHINGTON WERE STILL VERY SKETCHY AS TO JUST HOW THE FIGHTING IS SHAPING UP. OFFICIAL DISPATCHES HAVE SPOKEN OF A SPREAD OF THE COMBAT IN THE LAST FEW DAYS.

ESTIMATES AS TO THE NUMBERS OF REDS IN THE MOUNTAINOUS AND JUNGLE TERRAIN HAVE VARIED WIDELY, RANGING FROM A LOW OF 800 TO A HIGH OF 3,000 PLUS UNKNOWN NUMBERS OF TROOPS BEYOND THE BORDER IN NORTH VIET NAM.

EG640PED

A38

NIGHT LEAD LAOS (370)

BY DAVID LANCASHIRE

VIENTIANE, LAOS, AUG. 26 (AP)-MINOR CLASHES WERE REPORTED TODAY BETWEEN GOVERNMENT TROOPS AND COMMUNIST REBELS IN CENTRAL LAOS. THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION, AND AN ARMY SOURCE DESCRIBED THE SITUATION AS A WAR OF NERVES FOUGHT BY SMALL REBEL BANDS SPREADING PROPAGANDA AMONG VILLAGERS LOYAL TO THE GOVERNMENT.

REPORTS SAID 58 REFUGEE FAMILIES WHO FEARED REBEL ATTACKS ON THEIR HOMES IN NORTHERN LAOS ARRIVED IN THE ROYAL CAPITAL OF LUANG PRABANG IN CENTRAL LAOS. THEY REPORTEDLY CAME FROM MUONG KHOUA AND SOP NAO IN PHONG SALLY PROVINCE NEAR THE REBEL INFESTED TERRITORY

BORDERING COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM. SKIRMISHES WERE REPORTED IN THE AREA NORTH OF LUANG PRABANG.

REBEL UNITS ALSO WERE REPORTED MOVING INTO THAKHEK PROVINCE IN THE SOUTH, BUT NO FIGHTING WAS REPORTED THERE.

PHONG SALLY AND THAKHEK ARE TWO OF THE EIGHT OF LAOS' 12 PROVINCES IN WHICH THE GOVERNMENT SAYS COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS ARE ACTIVE. THE OTHERS ARE SAVANNAKHET, SAM NEUA, LUANG PRABANG, XIENGLOHOUANG, SARAVANE AND VIENTIANE, THE ADMINISTRATIVE CAPITAL OF LAOS.

A SOURCE SAID STEADY INFILTRATION OF REBELS INTO LAOS AND THE ACCOMPANYING FEAR IT TOUCHED OFF HAVE ACHIEVED TWO COMMUNIST OBJECTIVES--THE DISRUPTION OF ROYAL MILITARY OPERATIONS IN OUTLYING AREAS AND THE DEPLOYMENT OF THE LAOTIAN ARMY IN SCATTERED POSITIONS.

A TRICKLE OF WOUNDED WAS STILL BEING FLOWN TO VIENTIANE FROM GOVERNMENT UNITS IN THE HARD PRESSED NORTH.

THERE HAS BEEN NO OFFICIAL WORD FOR DAYS OF FIGHTING IN SAM NEUA PROVINCE, WHERE THE REBELS HAVE MADE A PINCERS MOVE TO WITHIN 18 MILES OF EACH OTHER, ALMOST ENCIRCLING THE AREA.

A DEFENSE MINISTER SPOKESMAN SAID BRIG. GEN. AMKHA SOUKHAVONG, WHO COMMANDS THE NORTHERN ZONE, IS CONFIDENT OF HOLDING THE MOUNTAIN TOWN OF SAM NEUA.

THE ARMY IS SENDING PATROLS OUT FROM THE MOUNTAIN FORTRESS OF MUONG PEUN, WHERE THE GOVERNMENT DROPPED PARATROOPER RE-INFORCEMENTS LAST WEEK.

MILITARY INFORMATION SHOWS THE REBELS HAVE CUT SOUTH OF THE OUTPOST AND WERE PRESSING TOWARD THE INTERIOR OF SAM NEUA. THEY ARE BELIEVED TO BE MOSTLY FORMER TROOPS OF THE COMMUNIST PATHET LAO MOVEMENT WHICH ONCE CONTROLLED SAM NEUA AND PHONG SALLY PROVINCES. THEY ARE REPORTEDLY TRIBESMEN OF THE SO-CALLED BLACK THAI GROUP.

THE REBELS ARE BELIEVED MOVING IN GRUPS OF HALF A DOZEN TO MORE THAN 100. THEY REPORTEDLY ARE BOLSTERED BY CONSCRIPTED VILLAGERS.

ML449PED

A144 (190)

VIENTIANE, LAOS, AUG. 26 (AP)-COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS ARE TRYING TO TERRORIZE VILLAGERS INTO WITHDRAWING THEIR SUPPORT FROM THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT IN EIGHT OF LAOS' 12 PROVINCES.

BUT A DEFENSE MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID THE ONLY SKIRMISHES REPORTED YESTERDAY TOOK PLACE BETWEEN ROYAL TROOPS AND INSURGENTS NEAR PAK SENG, 35 MILES ABOVE THE ROYAL CAPITAL OF LUANG PRABANG. THAT IS IN CENTRAL LAOS, WHERE THE RED PATHET LAO IS ATTEMPTING TO RE-BUILD ITS FORMER POLITICAL STRENGTH.

THERE IS LITTLE POSSIBILITY THAT LUANG PRABANG WILL BE ATTACKED, THE SPOKESMAN SAID. TWO GOVERNMENT ARMY COMPANIES, WHICH BROKE UP IN LUANG PRABANG, WERE REPORTED BEING REORGANIZED.

THE REBELS ARE ACTIVE IN THE PROVINCES OF PHONG SALLY, SAVANNAKHET, SAM NEUA, LUANG PRABANG, XIENGLOHOUANG, THAKHEK, SARAVANE AND VIENTIANE. IN VIENTIANE, THEY APPROACHED WITHIN 60 MILES OF THIS ADMINISTRATIVE CAPITAL OF LAOS LAST WEEK.

TROOPS HAVE BEEN SET TO RECAPTURE AREAS AROUND PAK SANE, 60 MILES EAST OF HERE. PAK SANE'S SIX-MAN POLICE FORCE EVACUATED THE POST THERE LAST SATURDAY.

TWO GROUPS OF COMMUNIST TROOPS HAVE ALMOST SURROUNDED THE NORTHERN PROVINCE OF SAM NEUA, THE HARDEST PRESSED PROVINCE. MILITARY MAPS DISCLOSE REBEL PINCERS 18 MILES APART.

THE BEST ROYAL TROOPS, TWO PARATROOP BATTALIONS, HAVE BEEN DROPPED ON THE FORTRESS OUTPOST OF MUONG PEUN IN SAM NEUA.

J1137AED

A155

(120)
LAOS

UNITED NATIONS, AUG. 26 (AP)--LAOTIAN DIPLOMATIC SOURCES HERE SAID TODAY THAT RECENT WITHDRAWALS OF ROYAL LAOTIAN TROOPS IN THE FACE OF RED REBEL FORCES WERE TACTICAL MOVES, NOT RETREATS.

THESE SOURCES SAID THE LAOTIAN ARMY HAD GIVEN UP THE STUBBORN DEFENSE OF SMALL POSTS IN FAVOR OF HARD-HITTING MOBILE GROUPS. SO FAR, THESE TACTICS HAVE PRODUCED EXCELLENT RESULTS, THEY SAID. WHEN A REBEL FORCE APPROACHES A POST, THE DIPLOMATS SAID, THE LAOTIANS FALL BACK UP TO 10 MILES AND MOUNT A SURPRISE ATTACK LATER. "WE ARE TRYING TO BRING THEM THEIR OWN KIND OF WARFARE," THE SOURCES SAID. "THE FRENCH FAILED AT DIEN BIEN PHU BECAUSE THEY DIDN'T DO THAT."

DIEN BIEN PHU, IN NORTHERN INDOCHINA, WAS CAPTURED IN 1954 BY COMMUNIST VIETMINH FORCES AFTER A 56-DAY SEIGE OF THE FRENCH FORTRESS.

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A80

EDITOR'S NOTE: ATTACKS BY COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS IN THE LITTLE INDOCHINESE KINGDOM OF LAOS HAVE CREATED A NEW CRISIS IN THE HEART OF THE AREA WHICH THE MEMBERS OF THE SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION (SEATO) BANDED TOGETHER TO PROTECT FROM COMMUNIST AGGRESSION. WIREPHOTO WILL SERVICE A MAP.

--DASH--

(400)

BY MAX HARRELSON

ASSOCIATED PRESS STAFF WRITER

THE GOVERNMENT OF LAOS SAYS THE THREAT FROM COMMUNIST REBELS IS GROWING STEADILY MORE SERIOUS, BUT IT HAS MADE NO MOVE TO ASK THE AID OF EITHER THE UNITED NATIONS OR THE SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION (SEATO).

THE SEATO PACT WAS SIGNED IN 1954 JUST SIX WEEKS AFTER THE GENEVA ARMISTICE ENDING THE INDOCHINA WAR. AND THE EIGHT SEATO SIGNERS INCLUDED A SPECIAL PROTOCOL BRINGING LAOS, CAMBODIA AND SOUTH VIET NAM UNDER THE WING OF THE ANTI-COMMUNIST ALLIANCE.

IN THE EVENT OF ANY ARMED ATTACK OR THREAT WHICH MIGHT ENDANGER PEACE, THE EIGHT SEATO MEMBERS ARE OBLIGATED TO CONSULT IMMEDIATELY ON MEASURES TO BE TAKEN. BUT THEY ALSO ARE BOUND NOT TO INTERVENE ON THE TERRITORY OF THE ATTACKED COUNTRY WITHOUT AN INVITATION OF THE GOVERNMENT CONCERNED.

SO FAR THERE HAS BEEN NO SUCH INVITATION FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF LAOS. NOR HAS THERE BEEN ANY SUGGESTION FROM ANY OF THE SEATO COUNTRIES THAT SUCH AN INVITATION MIGHT BE IN ORDER. MEMBERS OF THE ALLIANCE ARE FRANCE, THE FORMER RULER OF INDOCHINA; THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, PAKISTAN, THAILAND AND THE PHILIPPINES.

THE SEATO PACT DOES NOT OFFER THE RIGID GUARANTEES OF ACTION PROVIDED BY THE NORTHATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO). IT CALLS ONLY FOR CONSULTATIONS ON ANY USE OF FORCE OR THREAT OF FORCE. THIS, HOWEVER, WOULD NOT PREVENT THE ALLIANCE FROM ACTING IF ITS MEMBERS AGREE THAT INTERVENTION IS NECESSARY.

TWO OTHER AGENCIES MIGHT BE INVOKED.

ONE IS THE UNITED NATIONS, WHICH HAS BEEN MENTIONED FREQUENTLY SINCE FIGHTING IN LAOS RESUMED. A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT HAS CONSULTED WITH SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD AND WITH SOME U.S. DELEGATIONS ON THE POSSIBILITY OF HAVING OBSERVERS SENT TO LAOS. BUT NO REQUEST HAS BEEN MADE FOR ACTION BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL OR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER IS REPORTED TO HAVE EXPRESSED THE BELIEF IN PRIVATE CONVERSATIONS RECENTLY THAT U.N. OBSERVERS SHOULD BE SENT TO LAOS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. MANY DIPLOMATS BELIEVE THIS MAY HAPPEN, AT LEAST AS A FIRST STEP.

1959

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A LESS LIKELY POSSIBILITY IS THE RE-CONVENING OF THE THREE-NATION ARMISTICE COMMISSION SET UP BY THE 1954 GENEVA ARMISTICE. THIS COMMISSION CONSISTED OF INDIA, POLAND AND CANADA. IT ADJOURNED IN JULY 1958.

INDIA AND THE SOVIET UNION HAVE BEEN PRESSING FOR THE COMMISSION TO BE CALLED INTO OPERATION AGAIN. BUT THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT CONTENTS THAT THE COMMISSION COMPLETED ITS FUNCTIONS AND ITS RE-ESTABLISHMENT WOULD BE AN INTERFERENCE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF LAOS. AND BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD SAYS HE WILL NOT ACT TO RE-CONVENE THE COMMISSION WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT. BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET UNION WERE CO-CHAIRMEN OF THE GENEVA ARMISTICE CONFERENCE.

JG/BJ733AED

AAOWX (BJT&KMRUSH)

AMS BUDGET (500)

LAOS BACKGROUND

BY LEWIS GULICK

WASHINGTON, AUG. 26 (AP)--THE TINY SOUTHEAST KINGDOM OF LAOS IS EMERGING INTO THE MID-20TH-CENTURY WORLD TO FIND ITSELF A HOT SPOT IN THE COLD WAR.

HERE'S AN A-B-C ON THE SITUATION:

THE UNITED STATES HAS STEPPED IN WITH MASSIVE AID TO LAOS, A FREE WORLD OUTPOST WHICH BORDERS COMMUNIST CHINA AND NORTH VIET NAM. THE COMMUNISTS HAVE STARTED A GUERRILLA-TYPE OFFENSIVE.

WASHINGTON ACCUSED THE REDS OF VIOLATING THE 1954 GENEVA ACCORD FOR PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT AFTER THE INDOCHINA WAR.

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE ACCUSED WASHINGTON OF FOMENTING CIVIL WAR AND OF SUPPLYING AND DIRECTING THE LAOTIAN ARMY IN VIOLATION OF THE GENEVA PACT.

LAOS IS A RELATIVELY NEW STATION IN ANCIENT ASIA. WHILE THERE HAS BEEN A ROYAL FAMILY AT LUANG PRABANG FOR CENTURIES, THE COUNTRY DID NOT EMERGE IN ITS PRESENT TERRITORIAL FORM UNTIL AFTER FRANCE SET UP A PROTECTORATE IN 1893.

WITH THE END OF THE JAPANESE WORLD WAR II OCCUPATION, LAOS AND ITS SISTER INDOCHINA PROTECTORATE WERE PLUNGED INTO A NEW WAR WITH COMMUNISTS WHO PORTRAYED THEMSELVES AS FIGHTERS FOR INDEPENDENCE FROM FRANCE.

FRANCE IN 1953 FULLY RECOGNIZED LAOS AS A FULLY INDEPENDENT STATE, BUT THE COMMUNISTS HAD MADE IMPORTANT GAINS. THE GENEVA ARMISTICE OF MID-1954, WHICH ENDED THE INDOCHINA WAR, PROVIDED FOR WITHDRAWAL OF COMMUNIST FORCES FROM LAOS.

HOWEVER, THE RED PATHET LAO FORCES WERE ALLOWED TO REMAIN IN TWO PROVINCES ALONG THE MOUNTAINOUS BORDER TO THE NORTH AND NORTHEAST.

FRANCE WAS ALLOWED TO KEEP AN AIR BASE IN THE SOUTH CENTRAL PART OF THE COUNTRY AND TO KEEP A MISSION FOR TRAINING THE LAOTIAN ARMY. BUT NO NEW TYPES OF WEAPONS WERE TO BE GIVEN LAOS FORCES.

LAOS WAS DESIGNATED AS A NEUTRAL COUNTRY AND A THREE-NATION INTERNATIONAL CONTROL COMMISSION COMPOSED OF INDIA, CANADA AND POLAND WAS CREATED TO SUPERVISE THE SETTLEMENT.

IN THE FALL OF 1957 NEGOTIATORS OF THE ROYAL GOVERNMENT AND PATHET LAO FINALLY REACHED A SETTLEMENT. SOME PATHET LAO MINISTERS WERE ALLOWED INTO THE CABINET. SOME OF THE COMMUNIST FORCES WERE INTEGRATED INTO THE ROYAL ARMY, BUT ONE OF THE BATTALIONS REVOLTED AND ESCAPED IN PART TO NORTH VIET NAM.

WASHINGTON OFFICIALS DO NOT KNOW JUST HOW LARGE A RED FORCE HAS PENETRATED INTO THE NORTHERN JUNGLE PROVINCES. ONE ESTIMATE IS THAT THE NUMBER ACTUALLY IN LAOS NOW MAY BE AROUND 2,000, LESS THAN A MASSIVE INVASION.

THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE REINFORCEMENTS WHICH MIGHT BE WAITING ACROSS THE BORDER. U. S. OFFICIALS SAY THE RED UNITS ARE OBVIOUSLY DIRECTED AND SUPPLIED FROM THE OTHER SIDE OF THE BORDER.

1959

THE UNITED STATES MEANWHILE HAS BEEN POURING A HEAVY AMOUNT OF AID INTO THE STILL-BACKWARD COUNTRY. IT PAYS PRACTICALLY THE ENTIRE PAYROLL OF THE LAOTIAN ARMY OF 25,000 MEN.

U. S. ASSISTANT IS CURRENTLY RUNNING AT ABOUT 23 MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR IN NONMILITARY AID, MOST OF WHICH, HOWEVER, IS FOR THE ARMY PAY. IN ADDITION, AMERICAN HELP TO THE TUNE OF ABOUT SIX MILLION DOLLARS--THE FIGURE IS AN OFFICIAL SECRET--IS BEING EXTENDED FOR DIRECT MILITARY HELP IN THE FORM OF WEAPONS AND SUPPLIES.

U. S. AUTHORITIES, IN DENYING RED ALLEGATIONS, SAY THE U. S. ARMS AID DOES NOT VIOLATE THE GENEVA AGREEMENT BECAUSE IT DOES NOT INCLUDE MODERN WEAPONS AND AMOUNTS TO REPLACEMENT OF PREVIOUS MATERIAL.

ALTHOUGH THE UNITED STATES ITSELF IS NOT A SIGNATORY TO THE GENEVA AGREEMENT, IT SAYS ITS CONTRIBUTIONS TO LAOS ARE DESIGNED TO HELP THE COUNTRY GO FORWARD IN PEACEFUL DEVELOPMENT AND ARE NOT IN VIOLATION OF THE AGREEMENT.

JC/LT502PED

A22WX BJT

(400) AMS BUDGET

LAND OF THE HAPPY PEOPLE

BY ARTHUR EDSON

AP NEWSFEATURES WRITER

WASHINGTON, AUG. 26 (AP)--NEARLY EVERYONE WHO HAS BEEN TO LAOS HAS SENT BACK THE SAME REPORT. IT'S A LAND OF HAPPY PEOPLE.

TWO HUNDRED YEARS AGO A JESUIT MISSIONARY SAID OF THE LAOTIANS:

"NEVER QUARRELSOME NOR STUBBORN . . . MOST AFFABLE . . . DOCILE . . . GREAT FRIENDS OF REPOSE AND OF PEACE."

IN 1930 A VISITOR WHO WAS HUNTING RARE ANIMALS AND BIRDS SAID:

"THE LAOTIAN IS CHEERFUL AND SERENE AND CONTENTED. HAPPY PEOPLE!"

AND A MORE RECENT SOJOURNER, ODEN MEEKER, WHO WAS WITH THE INTERNATIONAL RELIEF ORGANIZATION, CARE (ALL CAPS), SAID OF LAOS: "IT IS SURELY ONE OF THE MOST APPEALING NATIONS IN THE WORLD."

WHAT ABOUT THOSE WHO LIVE THERE? "GENTLE AND COURTEOUS," MEEKER SAID IN HIS BOOK, "THE LITTLE WORLD OF LAOS." "THEY ARE A SMILING, WHIMSICAL PEOPLE WITH A GREAT LOVE OF PARTIES, ESPECIALLY OUTDOOR PAGODA PARTIES, WHICH ARE RATHER LIKE CHURCH SUPPERS WITH A DASH OF STATE FAIR."

BUT BEING COURTEOUS AND GENTLE AND PEACE-LOVING NO LONGER IS ANY GUARANTEE OF A PEACEFUL, UNTRoubLED LIFE. MAYBE IT NEVER HAS BEEN.

AT ANY RATE, COMMUNIST REBELS ARE FIGHTING IN LAOS, AND TODAY THE DIPLOMATIC EYES OF THE WORLD KEEP A SHARP WATCH ON WHAT IS HAPPENING IN A COUNTRY THAT MAKES ONLY A MINOR SPLASH ON THE MAP.

ALTHOUGH LAOS IS TWICE AS LARGE AS PENNSYLVANIA, MUCH OF ITS LAND IS ROUGH AND COVERED WITH HEAVY FOREST. ONLY 1,655,000 PERSONS LIVE THERE.

THE REASON FOR THE ANXIETY, AND POSSIBLY IN SOME CAPITALS THE GLEE, HAS BEEN SUMMED UP TERSELY: "ONE OF THE MOST EXPOSED AND DANGEROUS PLACES ON THE STRATEGIC MAPS OF THE WORLD."

FOR LAND-LOCKED LAOS, ONCE A PART OF INDOCHINA, IS BORDERED BY CHINA, BURMA, THAILAND, CAMBODIA, VIET NAM. PAGODA PARTIES OR NO PAGODA PARTIES, IT'S IN THE KEY SLOT FOR THE FIGHT OVER WHO CONTROLS SOUTHEAST ASIA.

NO ONE IS MORE AWARE OF THIS THAN THE UNITED STATES. IT HAS POURED 225 MILLION DOLLARS IN AID INTO LAOS, OR AROUND \$135 A PIECE FOR EACH OF ITS INHABITANTS.

ANYONE WHO BROWSES THROUGH THE BOOKS ON LAOS IN THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC SOCIETY'S FINE LIBRARY CAN'T HELP BUT WONDER WHAT ALL THIS WILL DO TO THE HAPPY PEOPLE.

HERE IS A NATION THAT HAD NO RAILROADS, FEW ROADS, NO NEWSPAPERS, PRACTICALLY NO DOCTORS AND WHICH IS STILL KNOWN BY ITS HISTORIC NAME, LAND OF THE MILLION ELEPHANTS AND THE WHITE PARASOL.

AS RECENTLY AS 1955, A BRITISH REPORT SAID THAT DURING THE RAINY SEASON TRAVEL WAS ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE.

"EVEN WITH HELICOPTER TRANSPORT," SAID THE OTHERWISE DRY-AS-DUST REPORT, "THE UNCERTAIN WEATHER CONDITIONS MADE EVERY JOURNEY AN ADVENTURE."

WHAT WILL HAPPEN TO ALL THOSE CUSTOMS, THE SINGING OF COMPETITIVE LONG SONGS, THE GENTLE TRAINING OF ELEPHANTS, THAT HAVE SO ENCHANTED THE TRAVELERS?

EVEN DEATH HAD AN UNNATURAL AIR.

"THE FUNERALS IN THE LAOS ARE GAY CEREMONIES," ONE OBSERVER WROTE. "WHEN A MAN DIES HIS BODY IS COVERED IN PERFUME-SOAKED SAWDUST PILED INTO A HARDWOOD COFFIN."

"THE BIER IS WATCHED DAY AND NIGHT BY YOUTHS AND MAIDENS WHO SING SONGS, IMPROVISE POEMS, CRACK JOKES, MAKE LOVE AND PLAY MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS."

WHETHER THERE'S STILL SINGING IN LAOS, NONE OF THE RECENT NEWS STORIES SAY. AND ONE CAN ONLY SPECULATE AS TO WHETHER THE HAPPY PEOPLE ARE STILL HAPPY, CAUGHT AS THEY ARE IN THE CALLOUS ONRUSH OF HISTORY.

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(200) USIA

WASHINGTON, AUG. 26 (AP)--RUSSIA AND RED CHINA STEPPED UP THEIR PROPAGANDA OFFENSIVE IN SOUTH ASIA. THE NEAR EAST, AFRICA AND LATIN AMERICA DURING THE FIRST HALF OF 1959, THE U. S. INFORMATION AGENCY REPORTED TODAY.

AMONG OTHER THINGS, USIA SAID, RADIO PEIPING INCREASED FROM 7 TO 10 1/2 HOURS ITS WEEKLY BROADCASTS TO LAOS, THE SMALL SOUTHEAST ASIAN NATION NOW STRUGGLING WITH COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS.

WHILE REPORTING STEPPED-UP COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA ACTIVITY, THE USIA SAID IN ITS 12TH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS THAT THE REDS ALSO HAD SUFFERED SETBACKS.

CHIEF OF THESE, THE AGENCY SAID, RESULTED FROM CHINESE COMMUNIST OPPRESSION IN TIBET--"A BRAZEN, MAIL FIST ACTION WHICH BROUGHT EXPRESSIONS OF DISILLUSIONMENT AND DISGUST FROM TIBET'S NEIGHBORING COUNTRIES AND FROM THE REST OF THE WORLD."

FOR ITS OWN PART, THE USIA SAID ITS "LONG RANGE EFFORTS TO MAKE THE UNITED STATES BETTER UNDERSTOOD AND RESPECTED ABROAD MADE MEANINGFUL GAINS" DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THIS YEAR.

"THIS INCLUDED SLOW BUT CONSISTENT PROGRESS IN PRESENTING INFORMATION ABOUT THE UNITED STATES TO PEOPLE IN THE SOVIET UNION AND OTHER EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES," THE REPORT SAID.

THE USIA SAID RED PROPAGANDA WORK WAS DONE, NOT ONLY BY RUSSIA AND CHINA, BUT BY NATIVE COMMUNISTS AND FRONT ORGANIZATIONS IN MANY NATIONS.

LT851PED

A5

AMS BUDGET (500)

NIGHT LEAD CHINA

BY JOHN RODERICK

TOKYO, AUG. 26 (AP)--RED CHINA SLASHED ITS 1959 PRODUCTION GOALS TODAY WITH A CONFESSION THAT ITS BOASTS OF RECORD-BREAKING OUTPUT FROM FARMS AND FACTORIES LAST YEAR WERE BASED ON FALSE STATISTICS.

PRODUCTION FIGURES ON CHINA'S "GREAT LEAP FORWARD" IN AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRY IN 1958 ERRED SERIOUSLY ON THE HIGH SIDE, THE COMMUNIST PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE DISCLOSED IN A BROADCAST REPORT.

AS A RESULT OF THESE ERRORS, PLUS DAMAGE THIS YEAR FROM FLOODS AND DROUGHT, TARGETS FOR COAL, STEEL, GRAIN, COTTON "AND OTHER INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL ITEMS ARE TO BE ADJUSTED ACCORDINGLY."

30.24-8243.

THE NATIONAL PEOPLE'S CONGRESS ASSENTED THROUGH ITS STANDING COMMITTEE TO THE REVISIONS, LAID BEFORE IT BY PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI.

THE AMBITIOUS 525-MILLION-TON GRAIN PROGRAM FOR 1959 WAS SLASHED ALMOST IN HALF. THE NEW GOAL IS 275 MILLION TONS.

STEEL PRODUCTION, INDEX OF THE COUNTRY'S INDUSTRIALIZATION, DROPS FROM ITS ORIGINAL 18 MILLION TONS TO 12 MILLION. THE COMMITTEE ADMITTED THE HIGHLY TOUTED PROGRAM OF MAKING STEEL IN BACKYARD FURNACES HAS BEEN A FAILURE AND WILL BE DROPPED FROM THE GOVERNMENT'S PLAN. IT SAID THE 3,080,000 TONS OF STEEL THEY TURNED OUT "MET THE REQUIREMENTS OF LOCAL AREAS," BUT NOT OF INDUSTRY.

MINERS GOT WORD THAT 335 MILLION TONS OF COAL WILL DO, INSTEAD OF THE ORIGINAL QUOTA OF 380 MILLION TONS.

COTTON SHRANK FROM A QUOTA OF 4 1/2 MILLION TONS TO ABOUT 2 1/2 MILLION.

THE COUNTRY'S TOTAL INDUSTRIAL OUTPUT VALUE WILL BE ADJUSTED FROM 165 BILLION YUAN TO 147 BILLION YUAN, CHOU SAID.

(THE CHINESE CONSIDER THE YUAN WORTH ABOUT 40 U.S. CENTS.)

INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION WILL BE REDUCED FROM 27 MILLION YUAN TO 24,800,000,000 YUAN. *Billions*

THE NUMBER OF BIG PROJECTS TO BE BUILT THIS YEAR WILL BE 877 INSTEAD OF THE PLANNED 1,092.

THE COMMUNIST PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE, MEETING IN CENTRAL CHINA EARLIER THIS MONTH, BLAMED INEXPERIENCE AND WRONG GUESSES BY STATE STATISTICAL AGENCIES FOR THE ENORMOUS ERRORS MADE IN REPORTING THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF 1958.

CHOU, ATTEMPTING TO PUT A GOOD FACE ON A BAD SITUATION, SAID THAT EVEN THE REVISED 1959 FIGURES REPRESENT ADVANCES OVER LAST YEAR'S CORRECTED TOTALS.

"THE ACHIEVEMENTS ARE GREAT AND THE SITUATION IS ONE OF A CONTINUED GREAT LEAP FORWARD," HE SAID. "THE MASS OF THE PEOPLE ARE SATISFIED WITH THE SITUATION AND FULL OF CONFIDENCE IN OUR BRIGHT PROSPECTS."

APPARENTLY FEARING NEW DISASTERS, THE CHINESE HIGH COMMAND MOVED TO UNDERTAKE THE LONG-DELAYED MECHANIZATION OF THE COUNTRY'S HAND-POWERED AGRICULTURE.

THE STANDING COMMITTEE OF THE PEOPLE'S CONGRESS CREATED A MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURAL MACHINE-BUILDING INDUSTRY. IT IS HEADED BY CHEN CHENG-JEN, 54, A WATER AND SOIL CONSERVATION EXPERT.

THE CONFESSION OF STATISTICAL ERRORS WAS A HIGHLIGHT OF A LONG COMMUNIQUE FROM THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, WHICH MET SECRETLY AT LUSHAN IN KIANGSI PROVINCE FROM AUG. 2 TO AUG. 16. THE COMMUNIQUE WAS BROADCAST BY THE NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY.

AT THE SAME TIME, THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE DISCLOSED THAT CHAIRMAN MAO TZE-TUNG'S REVOLUTIONARY PEASANT COMMUNES PROJECT HAS BEEN ATTACKED WITHIN THE PARTY ITSELF AS "PETTY BOURGEOIS FANATICISM."

CALLING FOR A NEW CAMPAIGN TO SEARCH OUT AND CORRECT HIS CRITICS, THE COMMITTEE DECLARED "THE PRINCIPAL DANGER NOW CONFRONTING THE ACHIEVEMENT OF A CONTINUED LEAP FORWARD THIS YEAR IS THE ARISING OF RIGHT OPPORTUNIST IDEAS AMONG SOME CADRES."

COMPLAINING ABOUT THE CRITICS, IT SAID:

"THEY DO NOT TRY THEIR BEST TO ACCOMPLISH TASKS WHICH... CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED. THEY UNDERESTIMATE THE GREAT ACHIEVEMENTS MADE BY HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF WORKING PEOPLE AND REVOLUTIONARY INTELLECTUALS IN THE GREAT LEAP FORWARD MOVEMENT AND THE PEOPLE'S COMMUNE MOVEMENT AND OVER-EMPHASIZE THE SERIOUSNESS OF CERTAIN DEFECTS... WHICH HAVE BEEN OVERCOME QUICKLY."

THE PARTY LEADERS, HEADED BY MAO, WELCOMED THE COMING EXCHANGE OF VISITS BETWEEN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV AS "CONDUCTIVE TO THE FURTHER EASING OF INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS."

THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE'S DECISIONS WERE DISCLOSED MONDAY TO A MEETING OF THE SUPREME STATE CONFERENCE, CALLED BY PRESIDENT LIU SHAO-CHI. MAO WAS ABSENT. THIS LED TO SPECULATION THAT HE AND SOME OF HIS TOP AIDES MAY NOW BE IN MOSCOW.

FD/TD227PED

A115 380

BY WATSON S. SIMS

NEW DELHI, AUG. 25 (AP)—A LEADING INDIAN NEWSPAPER CHAIN SAID TODAY THAT COMMUNIST CHINA HAS DECLARED A COLD WAR AGAINST INDIA WHICH IS FORCING THIS COUNTRY TO FORGET ABOUT NONALIGNMENT. *MADRAS*

THE INDIAN EXPRESS, PUBLISHED IN NEW DELHI, BOMBAY AND MADURAI, SAID CHINA'S POLICIES SINCE THE TIBETAN REVEOLT LAST MARCH HAVE FRIGHTENED HER NEIGHBORS AND ALIENATED HER FRIENDS.

THE RESULT, THE INDIAN EXPRESS SAID, IS AN "AGONIZING REAPPRAISAL" WHICH IS BRINGING INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY MORE CLOSELY IN LINE WITH THAT OF THE WESTERN NATIONS.

THE ARTICLE, SIGNED BY THE EXPRESS DELHI EDITOR, SAID THE INDIAN-RED CHINESE TREATY OF COEXISTENCE OF 1954 IS "DEAD--BURIED FIVE FATHOMS DEEP."

THE ARTICLE SAID THAT IN RETURN FOR INDIA'S CONTINUED PROFERRING OF FRIENDSHIP, "PEIPING HAS DECLARED COLD WAR ON INDIA, DUBBING HER EXPANSIONIST AND IMPERIALIST AND OBSTRUCTING INDIAN TRADE IN VIOLATION OF THE TREATY."

"WHETHER INDIA LIKES THE ROLE OR NOT NON-COMMUNIST NATIONS ON THE PERIPHERY OF THE CHINESE LAND MASS WILL INCREASINGLY LOOK TO HER (INDIA) AS THEY PREPARE TO DEFEND AGAINST CHINESE COMMUNIST EXPANSIONISM," THE EXPRESS ADDED.

"CHINA IS ACCOMPLISHING FOR THE WEST WHAT THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN ATTEMPTING ALL THESE YEARS IN VAIN. FOR THIS IS EXACTLY THE ROLE THE WEST HAS DESIRED INDIA TO PLAY IN ASIA AND WHICH INDIA HAS PERSISTENTLY REFUSED TO ACCEPT."

"INDIA HAS OPPOSED MILITARY PACTS BECAUSE SHE IS CONVINCED THEY CREATED TENSIONS WHERE NONE EXISTED. NOW CHINA'S PERSISTENT FOLLY IS CREATING NEW TENSION IN THE REGION, TURNING SMALLER NATIONS' THOUGHT TO SECURITY AND COMMON AND MUTUAL DEFENSE. THIS IS THE TIME FOR UNCLE SAM TO HAWK SEATO AROUND ONCE AGAIN, AND THIS TIME HE WILL FIND MANY TAKERS."

INDIA AND MANY OF HER NEIGHBORS HELD ALOOF FROM SEATO, THE SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION, WHEN IT WAS ORGANIZED IN 1954 BY BRITAIN, THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, THAILAND, THE PHILIPPINES AND PAKISTAN.

ANOTHER LEADING NEWSPAPER, THE STATESMAN OF CALCUTTA AND NEW DELHI, REPORTED NEW TENSIONS BETWEEN COMMUNIST CHINA AND BHUTAN, THE TINY PROTECTORATE WHICH NEHRU HAS SAID INDIA WOULD DEFEND AGAINST ANY ATTACK.

THE STATESMAN SAID THE CHINESE RECENTLY IMPRISONED TWO BHUTANESE MAILRUNNERS AT YATUNG, A TIBETAN CITY THROUGH WHICH MOST BHUTANESE COMMERCE FROM INDIA PASSED FOR YEARS.

YATUNG IS ON THE MOST DIRECT ROUTE BETWEEN INDIA AND THIMBU, CAPITAL OF BHUTAN. AN ALTERNATE ROUTE FARTHER SOUTH REQUIRES AN EXTRA THREE DAYS TRAVEL OVER MOUNTAIN TRAILS.

THE STATESMAN SAID THERE HAS BEEN SO MUCH INTERFERENCE THAT BHUTAN IS NO LONGER USING THE YATUNG ROUTE. THE STORY DECLARED THAT AMONG THOSE INVOLVED IN INCIDENTS IN YATUNG WERE THE PRIME MINISTERS OF BOTH INDIA AND SIKKIM WHO "WERE DETAINED BY THE CHINESE VIRTUALLY AT SUBMACHINE GUN POINT."

THE STATESMAN DID NOT SAY WHEN THE INCIDENTS OCCURRED, OR GIVE THE SOURCE OF INFORMATION.

NEHRU USED THE YATUNG ROUTE WHEN HE VISITED BHUTAN LAST YEAR.

~~WPA 191000Z~~

ANOTHER NEWSPAPER, THE INDEPENDENT TIMES OF INDIA, SAID RED CHINA HAS BUILT A ROAD ACROSS INDIAN TERRITORY IN THE DISPUTED LADAKH AREA OF KASHMIR STATE. A FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN REFUSED TO COMMENT ON THE REPORT.

THE TIMES SAID THE ROAD, BUILT A YEAR AGO, LINKS GARTOK IN WESTERN TIBET WITH YARKAND AND KASHGAR IN THE CHINESE PROVINCE OF SINKIANG. IT SAID THE HIGHWAY CROSSES THE AKSAICHIN PLATEAU IN LADAKH.

JS1024AED

A38WX

ADVANCE FOR 530 AM EST TODAY

(480) PMS BUDGET

U.S.-RUSSIA SALES

BY FRANK CORMIER

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, AUG. 26 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES ANNOUNCED TODAY IT IS WILLING TO SELL THE RUSSIANS A VAST ARRAY OF PRODUCTS DISPLAYED AT THE AMERICAN EXHIBITION IN MOSCOW. THE ITEMS RANGE FROM A HOUSE TO A SCREWDRIVER.

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE FREDERICK H. MUELLER DESCRIBED THE OFFER AS A GOOD WILL GESTURE. SUCH A SALE PRESUMABLY ALSO WOULD BE GOOD BUSINESS FOR UNCLE SAM. IT WOULD SAVE HIM THE COST OF SHIPPING THE GOODS BACK TO THE UNITED STATES.

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE WORD WHETHER THE RUSSIANS WERE APPROACHED IN ADVANCE ABOUT THE PROPOSAL, OR WHETHER THEY WOULD BE INTERESTED.

EVERYTHING DISPLAYED THIS SUMMER AT THE SOVIET EXPOSITION IN NEW YORK WAS RETURNED TO RUSSIA AFTER THE SHOW CLOSED.

THE U. S. SALES OFFER COVERS ABOUT 1,800 AMERICAN-MADE ITEMS, INCLUDING THE \$200,000 CLOSED CIRCUIT COLOR TV UNIT BEFORE WHICH VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON AND PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV LAST MONTH HELD THEIR IMPROMPTU DEBATE ON THE COLD WAR. ALSO ON THE LIST IS THE MEDIUM-PRICED PREFABRICATED HOUSE WHICH THE RUSSIANS HAVE CLAIMED IS MUCH BETTER THAN MOST AMERICANS CAN AFFORD.

MUELLER ANNOUNCED THE PROPOSAL IN A SPECIAL STATEMENT WHICH SAID: "THIS TRADE OFFER IS BOTH A SINCERE GESTURE OF GOOD WILL TO THE SOVIET PEOPLE AND A DEFINITE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES TO DO BUSINESS."

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE PLEASED IF THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE GET A CHANCE TO OWN AND USE AMERICAN GOODS THEY SAW AT THE EXHIBITION.

THE PHRASING OF THE ANNOUNCEMENT INDICATED THAT SOME AMERICAN PRODUCTS DISPLAYED AT THE FAIR WILL NOT BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE RUSSIANS. HOWEVER, COMMERCE DEPARTMENT AIDES DECLINED TO CLARIFY THIS POINT.

ABOUT 1,000 ITEMS COVERED BY THE OFFER NORMALLY WOULD REQUIRE U. S. EXPORT LICENSES BEFORE THEY COULD BE SOLD TO THE RUSSIANS.

MUELLER SAID THESE GOODS, IN THIS CASE, CAN BE SOLD WITHOUT LICENSE IF AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS AND THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT CAN MAKE THE NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS.

THIS SEEMED TO INDICATE THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT WOULD HAVE NO DIRECT ROLE IN ANY SALES NEGOTIATION.

WHEN THE UNITED STATES SPONSORS AN EXHIBIT ABROAD, IT BORROWS PRODUCTS FROM AMERICAN INDUSTRY AND PAYS FOR SHIPPING THEM TO THE SITE. UNLESS THE GOODS ARE SOLD ON THE SPOT AFTER A FAIR, THE GOVERNMENT ALSO PAYS FOR SHIPPING THEM HOME.

MANY MANUFACTURERS ARE WILLING TO SELL SUCH GOODS AT THE COST PRICE OR A BIT LESS. THEY FIGURE THEIR PRODUCTS ARE, IN EFFECT, SECOND HAND AFTER BEING DISPLAYED OR DEMONSTRATED AT A FAIR.

ITEMS OFFERED INCLUDE ALL EQUIPMENT IN A MODEL KITCHEN DISPLAY, HOME FURNISHINGS, HAND AND PORTABLE TOOLS, RADIOS, A COMPLETE HOME WORKSHOP, HI FI EQUIPMENT, PLEASURE BOATS, SPORTING GOODS, OFFICE EQUIPMENT, FARM MACHINERY, AUTOMOBILES OF ALL KINDS, PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT, MOTION PICTURES, AIR CONDITIONERS AND FASHIONABLE AMERICAN CLOTHING.

THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT SAID IT ALSO HAS AUTHORIZED DISPOSAL OF A HEART-LUNG MACHINE WHICH TAKES OVER THE FUNCTION OF THE HEART DURING A CARDIAC OPERATION. THIS MACHINE WILL NOT BE SOLD, HOWEVER. IT WILL BE DONATED TO THE RUSSIANS BY THE MAIMONEDES HOSPITAL OF BROOKLYN, N. Y.

SR/CGA10AED

A122

MOSCOW, AUG. 26 (AP)-THE BOOKMOBILE AT THE AMERICAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION IS TO REOPEN TODAY OR TOMORROW WITH 2,500 FRESH VOLUMES TO FILL SHELVES STRIPPED BARE BY VISITORS WHO HELPED THEMSELVES TO THE ORIGINAL COLLECTION.

THE FAIR MANAGEMENT ASKED SOVIET OFFICIALS TO POST A MILITIAMAN NEAR THE EXHIBIT TO REMIND EVERYONE THAT IT ISN'T A LENDING LIBRARY.

THE NEW BOOKS WERE RUSHED FROM THE UNITED STATES AFTER THE MODEL OF THE TRAVELING LIBRARY WAS FORCED TO CLOSE DOWN LAST WEEK BECAUSE OF THE BOOK HUNGER OF RUSSIAN READERS. THE BOOKMOBILE IS A SEPARATE EXHIBIT FROM THE MAIN BOOK DISPLAY INSIDE ONE OF THE EXHIBITION HALLS.

JS1020AED

A84

(180)

UNITED NATIONS, AUG. 26 (AP)-COMMUNIST POLAND HAS OPENED A CAMPAIGN FOR THE SEAT ON THE 11-NATION U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL WHICH JAPAN GIVES UP DEC. 31.

POLISH REPRESENTATIVE JACEK MACHOWSKI TOLD A REPORTER THE SEAT BELONGED ONCE TO EASTERN EUROPE AND "WE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE IT BACK."

THERE ARE SIX NON-PERMANENT MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL ELECTED FOR TWO YEARS. FROM 1946 TO 1955 THERE WAS AN UNWRITTEN AGREEMENT THAT ONE OF THE SEATS WOULD GO TO AN EAST EUROPEAN COUNTRY. BUT IN 1955 THE UNITED STATES CAME OUT IN FAVOR OF GIVING THE SEAT ALTERNATELY TO AN ASIAN NATION.

YUGOSLAV AND THE PHILIPPINES TIED IN THE VOTING THAT YEAR AND SPLIT THE 1958-1959 TERM BETWEEN THEM. JAPAN TOOK THE SEAT FOR 1959.

POLAND HAS SAT BEFORE ON THE COUNCIL. OTHER EAST EUROPEAN COUNTRIES WHICH HAVE HELD THE SEAT ARE THE UKRAINE, YUGOSLAVIA, GREECE AND TURKEY.

MACHOWSKI SAYS HE HAS FORMALLY NOTIFIED SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD AND THE OTHER DELEGATIONS THAT POLAND IS IN THE RUNNING AGAIN.

THE FIVE PERMANENT MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL ARE THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, THE SOVIET UNION AND NATIONALIST CHINA. THREE OF THE NON-PERMANENT MEMBERS WILL BE REPLACED AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

BJ743AED

A85

(160)

LONDON, AUG. 26 (AP)-QUEEN ELIZABETH TODAY APPROVED AWARDS TO BRITISH TROOPS WHO FOUGHT A SECRET WAR IN THE ARABIAN DESERT.

THE AIRBORNE TASK FORCE--175 MEN OF BRITAIN'S CRACK SPECIAL AIR SERVICE REGIMENT--FLEW TO THE BRITISH PROTECTORATE OF MUSCAT AND OMAN LAST JANUARY. REBELS THERE HAD SEIZED A SEEMINGLY IMPREGNABLE POSITION ATOP 10,000-FOOT MT. AKDAR. THEY REPULSED EVERY ATTEMPT BY TROOPS OF THE RULING SULTAN TO DISLODGE THEM.

THE BRITISH FORCE FLEW IN FROM SINGAPORE WITH LT. COL. TONY DEANE-DRUMMOND IN COMMAND.

"BY A FORCED NIGHT MARCH UP EXTREMELY DIFFICULT COUNTRY, DEANE-DRUMMOND SURPRISED THE ENEMY AND GAINED COMPLETE SUCCESS," THE OFFICIAL LONDON GAZETTE RELATED TODAY. "AT ONE STAGE THE ASCENT WAS POSSIBLE ONLY BY USING ROPES."

BRITAIN KEPT THE FOUR-WEEK CAMPAIGN A STRICT SECRET DESPITE CAIRO REPORTS OF THE DESERT REBELLION.

"THE WAR WAS FOUGHT IN SECRECY AND WAS COMPLETELY SUCCESSFUL,"
SAID DEANE-DRUMMOND AT HIS HOME IN ~~BRECON~~ WALES, LAST NIGHT. HE WAS
AWARDED THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER. ~~BRECON~~

IT WAS BELIEVED THE OPERATION PRODUCED THE HIGHEST PERCENTAGE OF
AWARDS IN THE BRITISH ARMY'S LONG HISTORY. ONE MAN OUT OF EVERY SIX
GOT A MEDAL OR A SPECIAL MENTION IN DISPATCHES.

BJ746AED

1959

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End. Aug 26, 1959